

Module 3

M3.Behaviour of Laminae - I

Learning Units of Module 3

M3.1 Stress-Strain Concepts in Three-Dimension

M3.2 Introduction to Anisotropic Elasticity

M3.3 Tensorial Concept and Indicial Notations

M3.4 Plane Stress Concept

Action of force (F) on a body

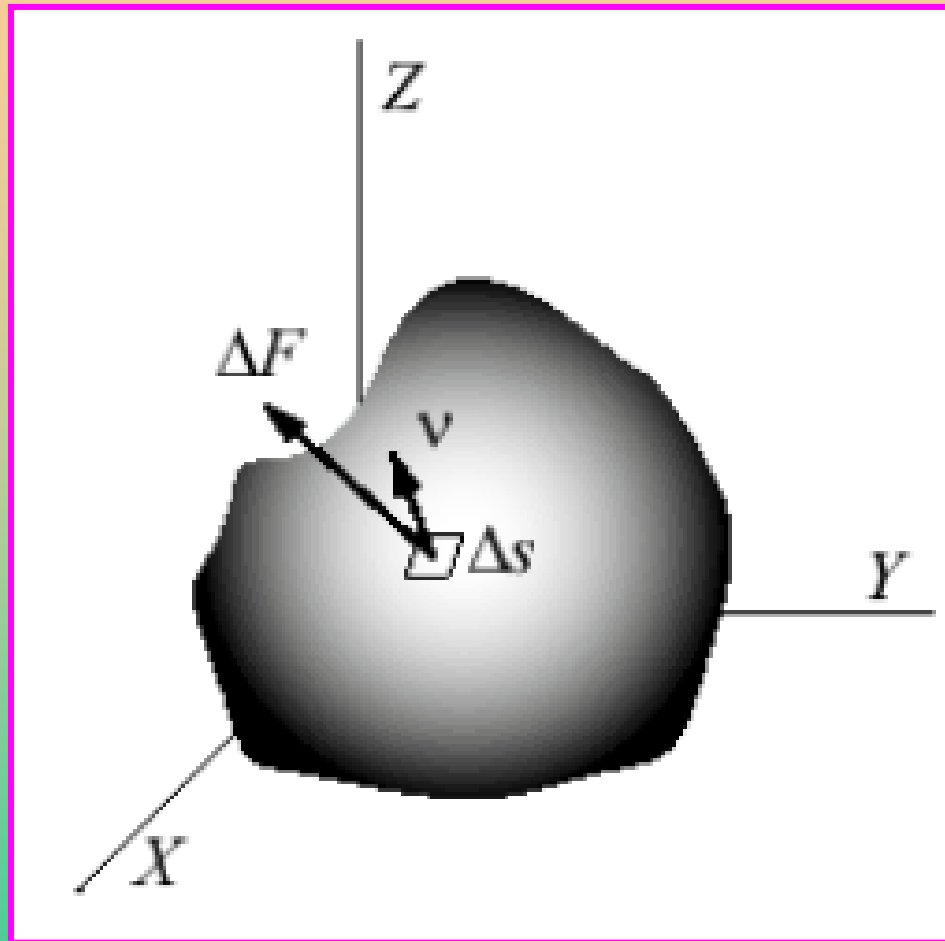


Figure: Action of force (F) on a body

Action of force (F) on a body

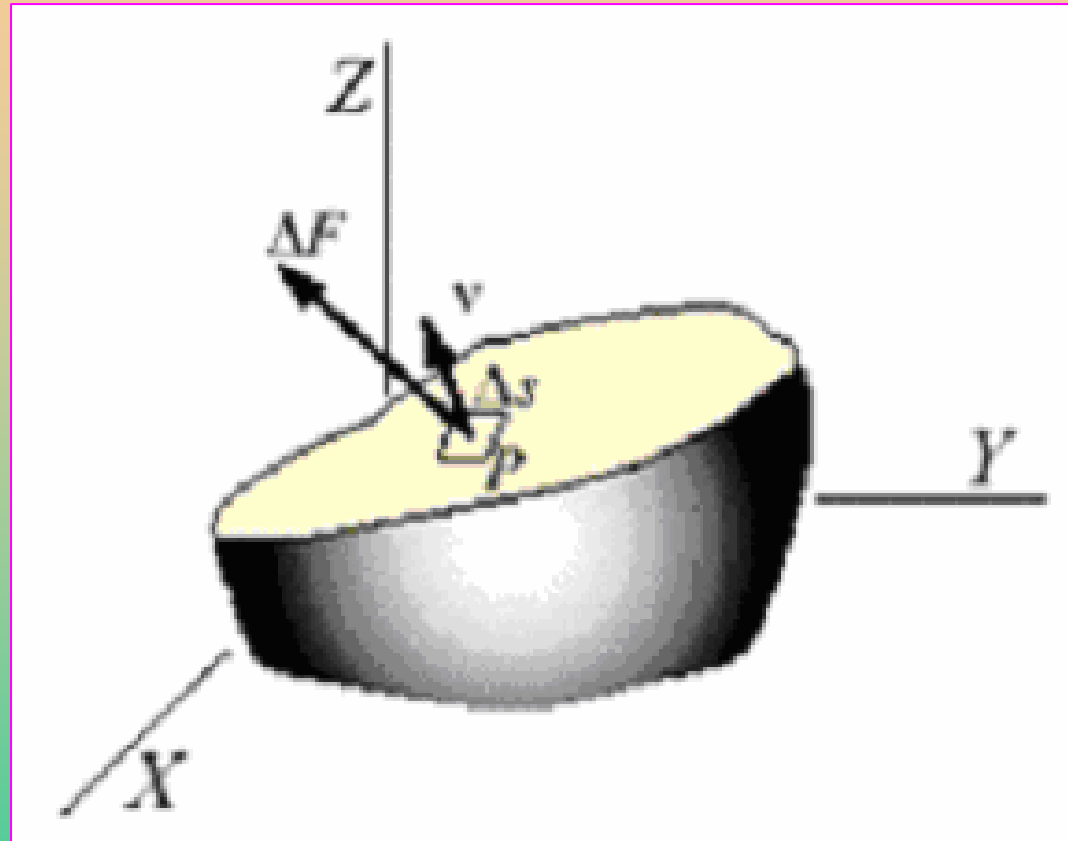


Figure: Stress at a Point

Action of force (F) on a body

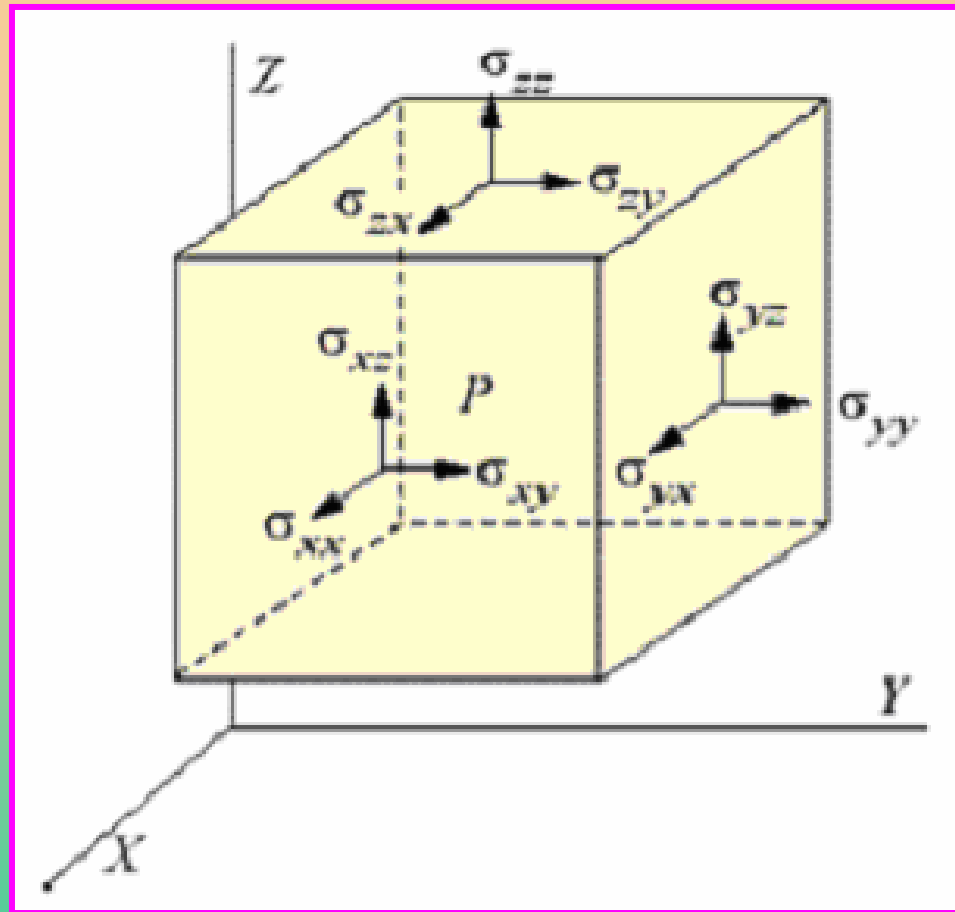


Figure: Elements 3-dimensional stress. All stresses have positive sense.

Global 1D Strain:

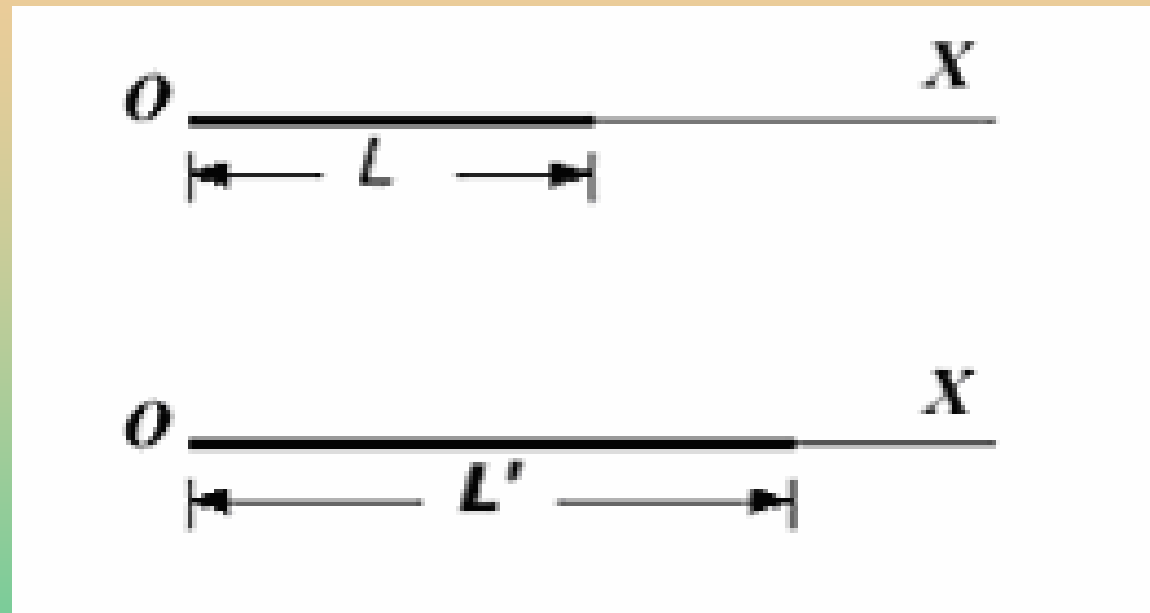


Figure: Global 1-dimensional strain.

Global 1D Strain:

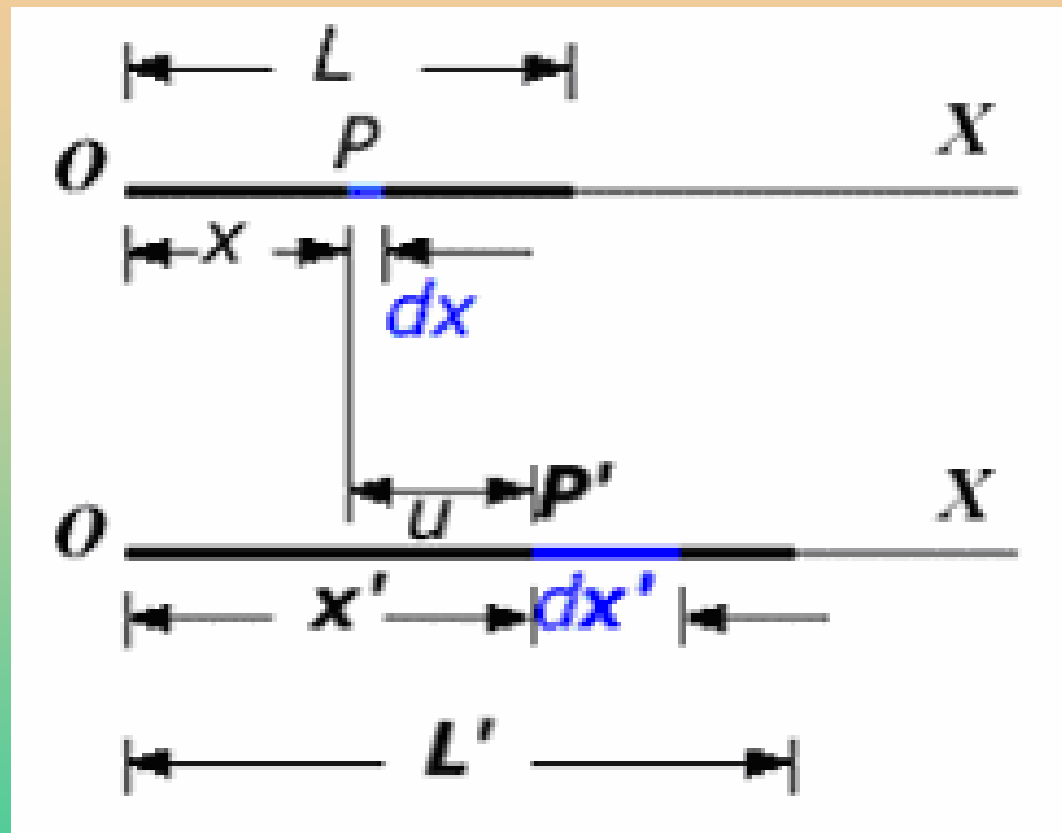


Figure: Infinitesimal 1-dimensional strain.

Global 3D Strain:

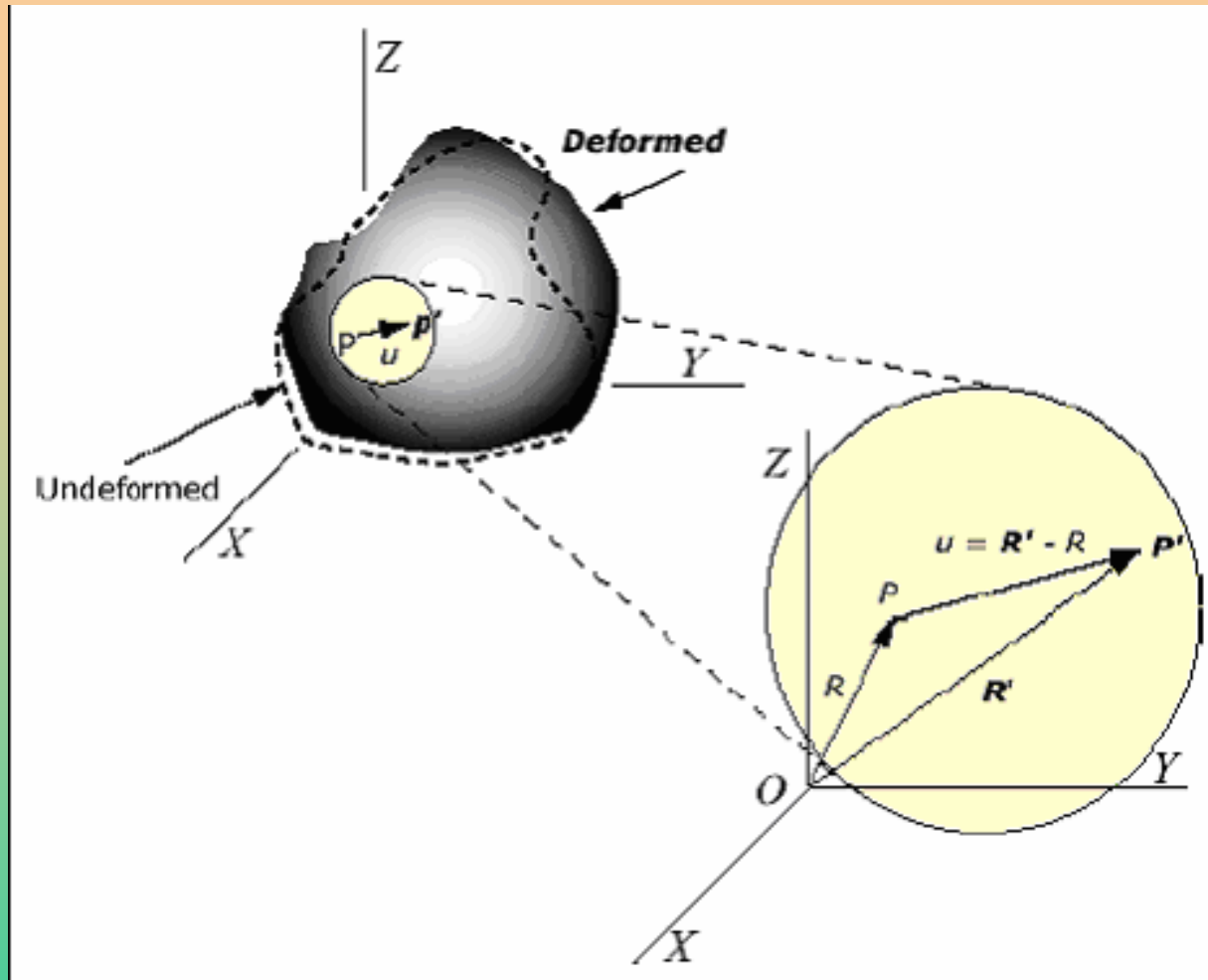


Figure M3.1.4: General definition of 3D-strain

Global 3D Strain:

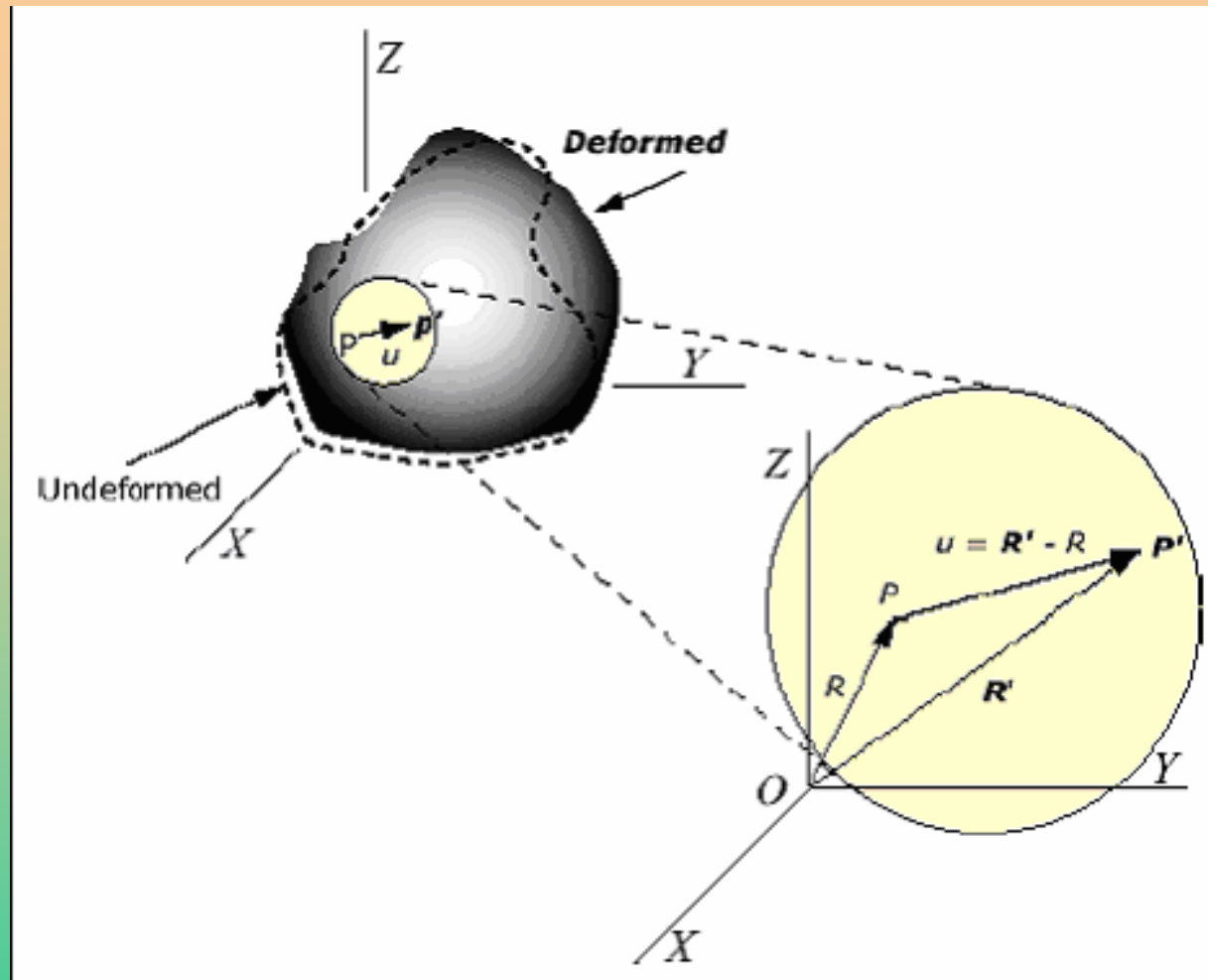


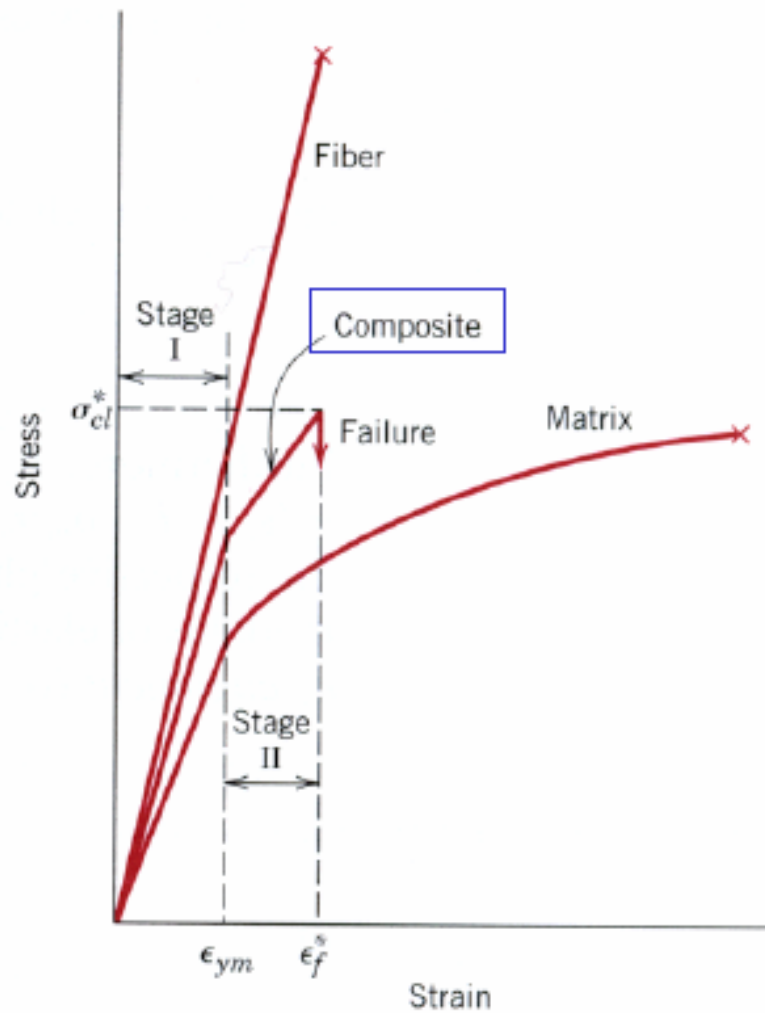
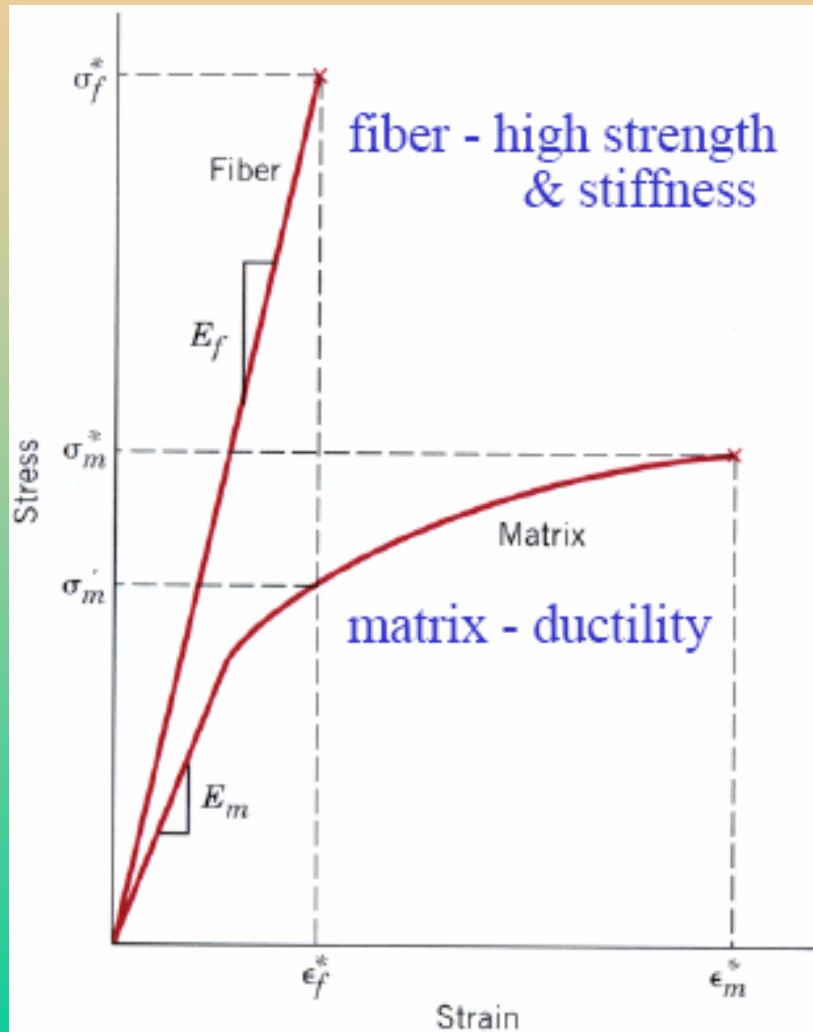
Figure M3.1.4: General definition of 3D-strain

Stress-Strain Curve of Composites

➤ Composite behavior:

Matrix yields, fibers take load

Failure at, ϵ_f but not catastrophic



Lamina Stress-Strain Relationships



Stress Components

9 components of stress:

$$\sigma_{ij} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3$$

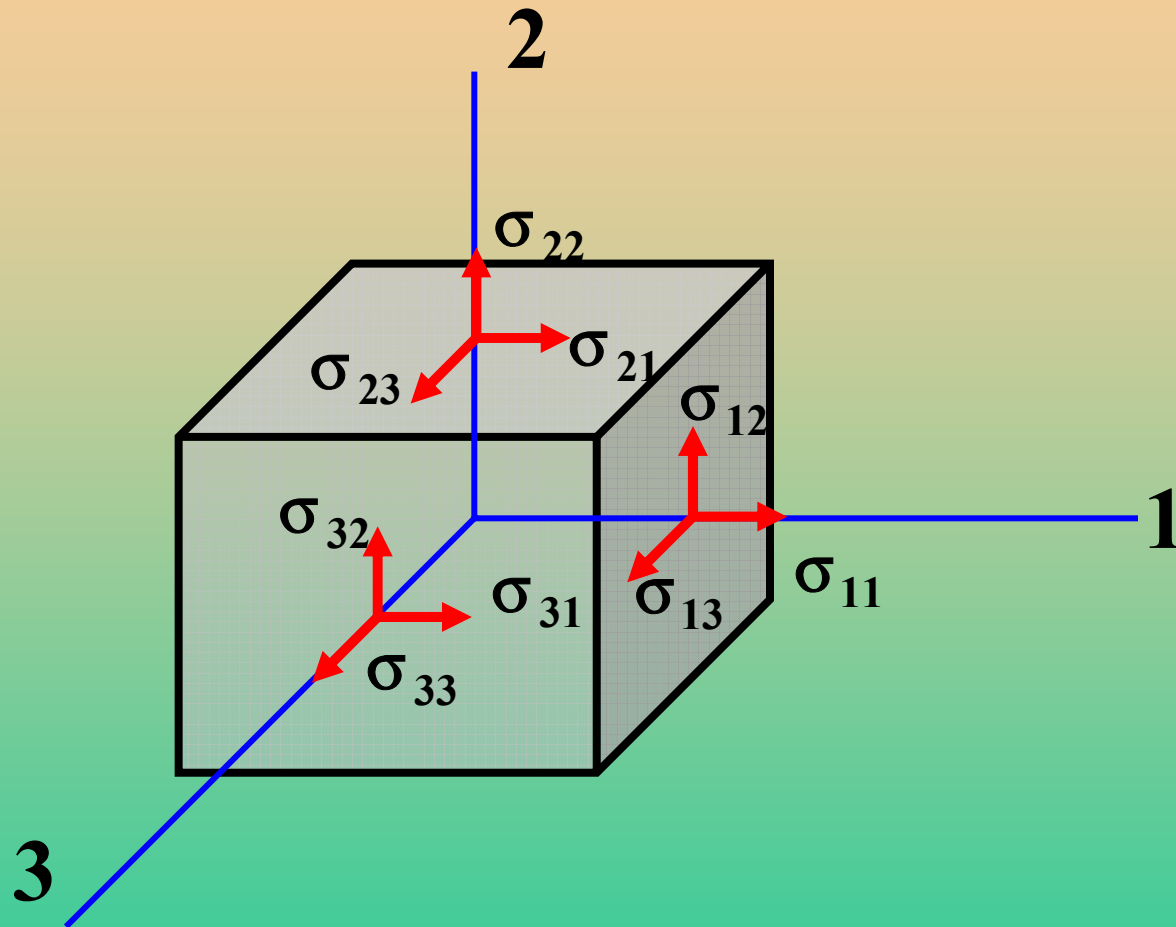
Types of Stress

1. Normal Stress $i = j$
2. Shear Stress $i \neq j$

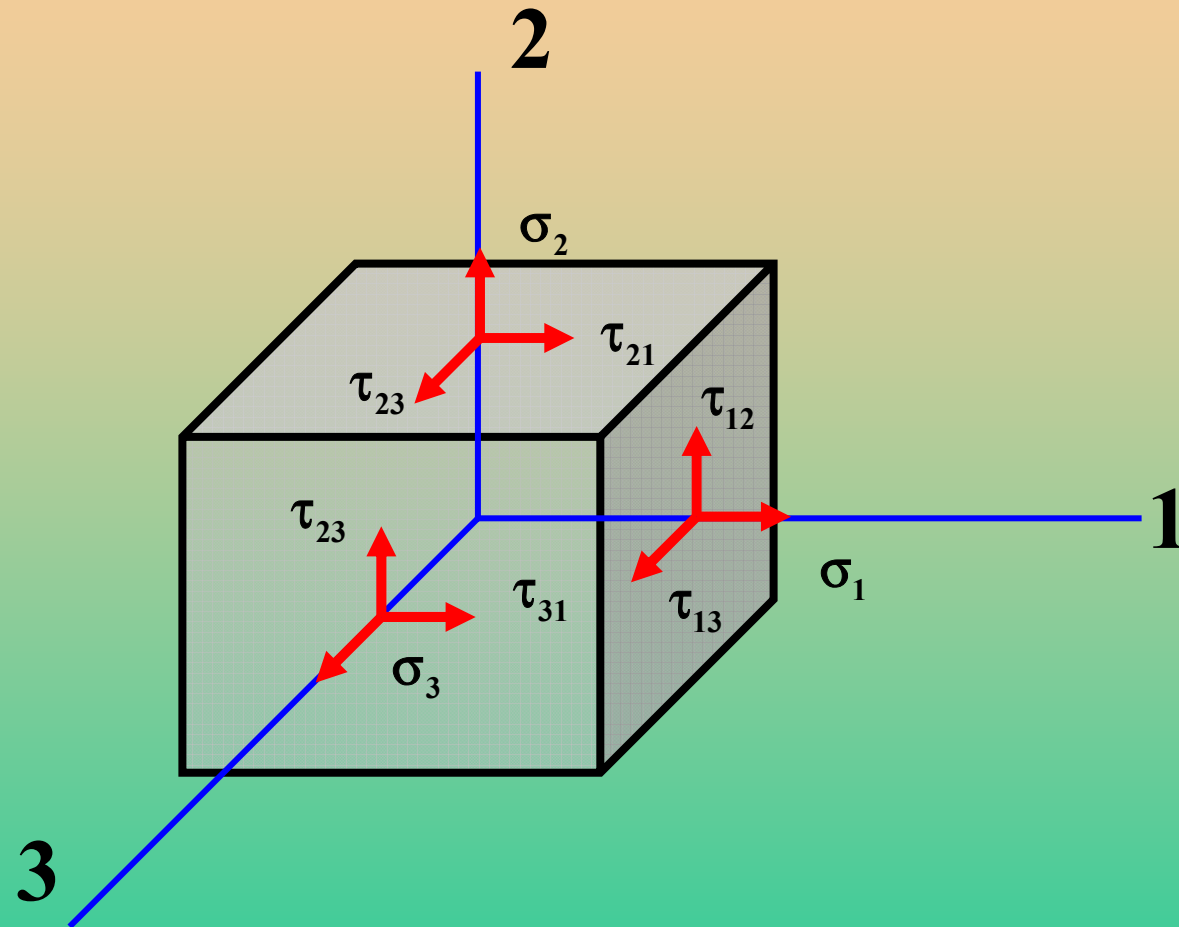
Subscripts

- First subscript refers to direction of outer normal
- Second subscript refers to the direction in which the stress acts

Stress Cube



Stress Cube



Strain

- ✓ **Corresponding to each stress component, there is a strain component, ϵ_{ij} describing the deformation at a point.**
- ✓ **Normal strains describe the extension per unit length.**
- ✓ **Shear strains describe distortional deformation.**
- ✓ **Tensor and Engineering Shear Strains**

STRESSES		STRAINS	
Tensor Notation	Contracted Notation	Tensor Notation	Contracted Notation
$\sigma_{11} (\sigma_1)$	σ_1	$\epsilon_{11} (\epsilon_1)$	ϵ_1
$\sigma_{22} (\sigma_2)$	σ_2	$\epsilon_{22} (\epsilon_2)$	ϵ_2
$\sigma_{33} (\sigma_3)$	σ_3	$\epsilon_{33} (\epsilon_3)$	ϵ_3
$\tau_{23} (\sigma_{23})$	σ_4	$\gamma_{23} = 2\epsilon_{23}$	ϵ_4
$\tau_{31} (\sigma_{31})$	σ_5	$\gamma_{31} = 2\epsilon_{31}$	ϵ_5
$\tau_{12} (\sigma_{12})$	σ_6	$\gamma_{12} = 2\epsilon_{12}$	ϵ_6

General Formula

Stresses and strains are related to each other. The most general form of this relationship is:

$$\sigma_{ij} = f_{ij} (\epsilon_{11}, \epsilon_{12}, \epsilon_{13}, \epsilon_{21}, \epsilon_{22}, \epsilon_{23}, \epsilon_{31}, \epsilon_{32}, \epsilon_{33})$$

Linear Elastic Material

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_{11} \\ \sigma_{22} \\ \sigma_{33} \\ \sigma_{23} \\ \sigma_{31} \\ \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{32} \\ \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{21} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{1111} & C_{1122} & C_{1133} & C_{1123} & C_{1131} & C_{1112} & C_{1132} & C_{1113} & C_{1121} \\ C_{2211} & C_{2222} & C_{2233} & C_{2223} & C_{2231} & C_{2212} & C_{2232} & C_{2213} & C_{2221} \\ C_{3311} & C_{3322} & C_{3333} & C_{3323} & C_{3331} & C_{3312} & C_{3332} & C_{3313} & C_{3321} \\ C_{2311} & C_{2322} & C_{2333} & C_{2323} & C_{2331} & C_{2312} & C_{2332} & C_{2313} & C_{2321} \\ C_{3111} & C_{3122} & C_{3133} & C_{3123} & C_{3131} & C_{3112} & C_{3132} & C_{3113} & C_{3121} \\ C_{1211} & C_{1222} & C_{1233} & C_{1223} & C_{1231} & C_{1212} & C_{1232} & C_{1213} & C_{1221} \\ C_{3211} & C_{3222} & C_{3233} & C_{3223} & C_{3231} & C_{3212} & C_{3232} & C_{3213} & C_{3221} \\ C_{1311} & C_{1322} & C_{1333} & C_{1323} & C_{1331} & C_{1312} & C_{1332} & C_{1313} & C_{1321} \\ C_{2111} & C_{2122} & C_{2133} & C_{2123} & C_{2131} & C_{2112} & C_{2132} & C_{2113} & C_{2121} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_{11} \\ \epsilon_{22} \\ \epsilon_{33} \\ \epsilon_{23} \\ \epsilon_{31} \\ \epsilon_{12} \\ \epsilon_{32} \\ \epsilon_{13} \\ \epsilon_{21} \end{Bmatrix}$$

**9 Stresses x 9 Strains =
81 Components in relationship**

Symmetry

$$\sigma_{ij} = \sigma_{ji} \quad i \neq j$$

and

$$\varepsilon_{ij} = \varepsilon_{ji} \quad i \neq j$$

Symmetry

$$C_{ijkl} = C_{jikl}$$

and

$$C_{ijkl} = C_{ijlk}$$

6 Stresses x 6 Strains =
36 Components in relationship

Contracted Notation: Stresses

$$\sigma_{11} = \sigma_1$$

$$\sigma_{22} = \sigma_2$$

$$\sigma_{33} = \sigma_3$$

$$\sigma_{23} = \sigma_{32} = \sigma_4$$

$$\sigma_{31} = \sigma_{13} = \sigma_5$$

$$\sigma_{12} = \sigma_{21} = \sigma_6$$

Contracted Notation : Strains

$$\epsilon_{11} = \epsilon_1$$

$$\epsilon_{22} = \epsilon_2$$

$$\epsilon_{33} = \epsilon_3$$

$$2\epsilon_{23} = 2\epsilon_{32} = \gamma_{23} = \gamma_{32} = \epsilon_4$$

$$2\epsilon_{13} = 2\epsilon_{31} = \gamma_{13} = \gamma_{31} = \epsilon_5$$

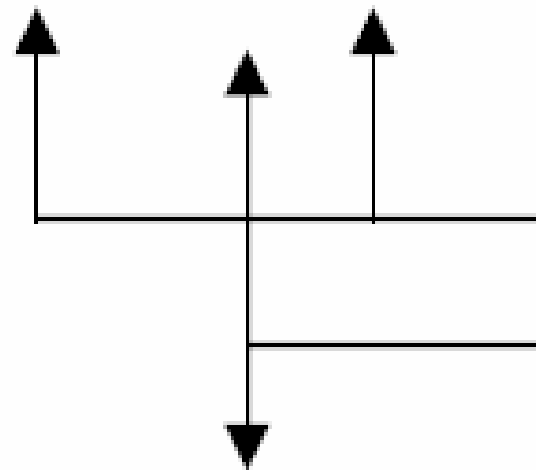
$$2\epsilon_{12} = 2\epsilon_{21} = \gamma_{12} = \gamma_{21} = \epsilon_6$$

Hooke's Law (Stiffness)

- S is the inverse of C. These equations encompass all anisotropic crystalline behavior.

$$\sigma_{ij} = C_{ijkl} \epsilon_{kl}$$

C is the stiffness tensor



symmetric
2nd ranked tensors

4th ranked tensors

Similarly,

$$\epsilon_{ij} = S_{ijkl} \sigma_{kl}$$

S is the compliance tensor

Hooke's Law (Stiffness)

$$\sigma_i = C_{ij} \varepsilon_j \quad i, j = 1, 2, \dots, K, 6$$

or

$$\{\boldsymbol{\sigma}\} = [\mathbf{C}]\{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\}$$

Hooke's Law

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ C_{31} & C_{32} & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ C_{41} & C_{42} & C_{43} & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ C_{51} & C_{52} & C_{53} & C_{54} & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ C_{61} & C_{62} & C_{63} & C_{64} & C_{65} & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Hooke's Law (Compliance)

$$\varepsilon_i = S_{ij} \sigma_j \quad i, j = 1, 2, \dots, 6$$

or

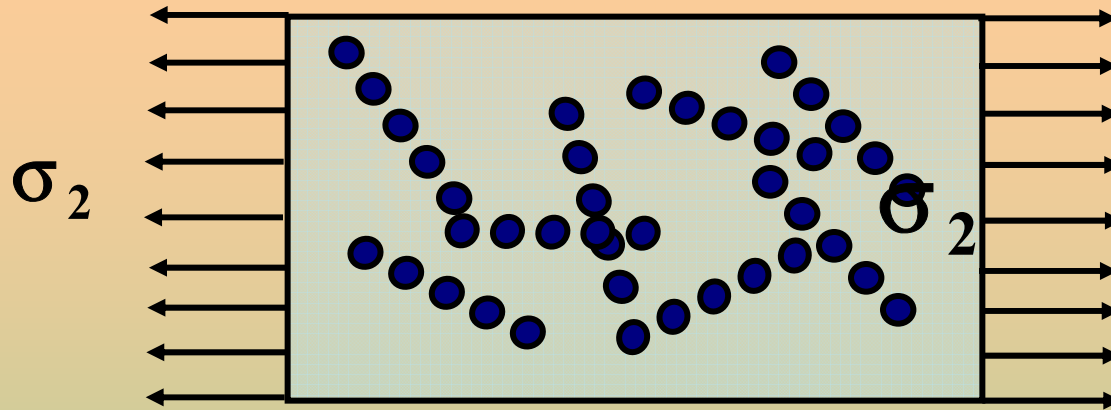
$$\{\varepsilon\} = [S]\{\sigma\}$$

Inverse Relationship

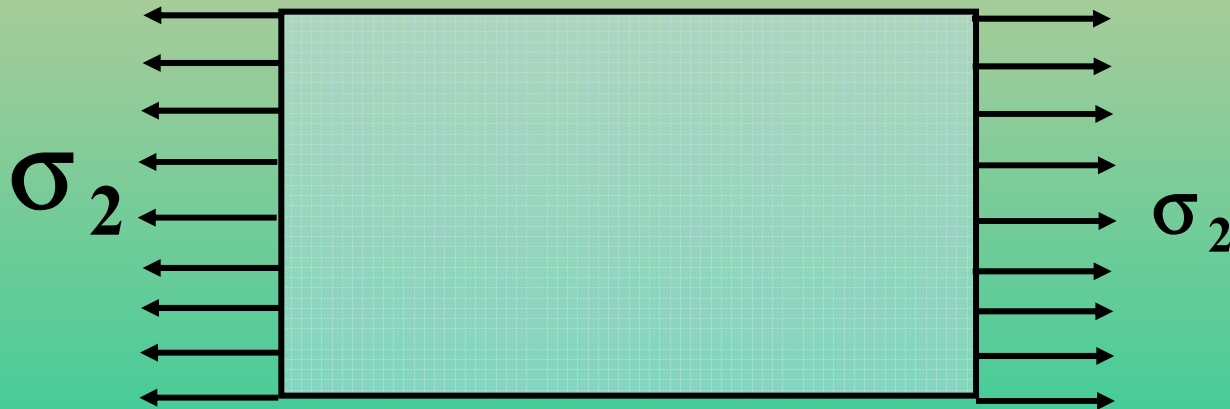
$$[S] = [C]^{-1}$$

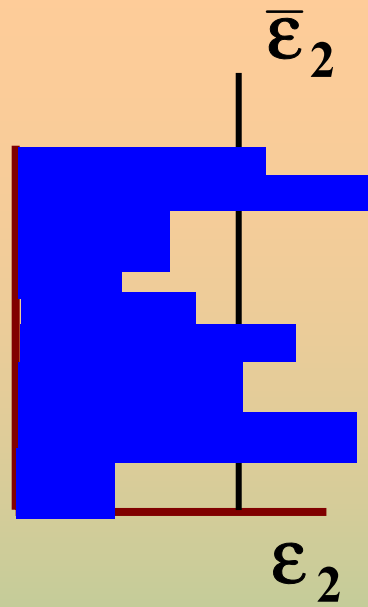
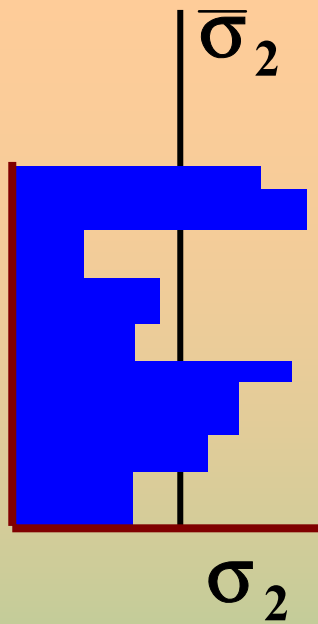
[S] and [C] are symmetric matrices!

Heterogeneous Composite



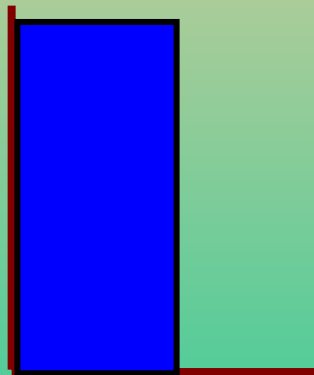
Equivalent Homogeneous Composite



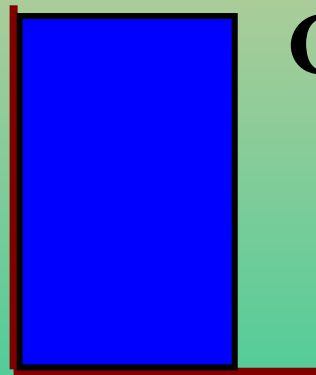


$$\bar{\sigma}_2 = C_{22} \bar{\epsilon}_2$$

$C_{22} \rightarrow$ effective modulus.



stress



strain

Average Stresses and Strains

$$\bar{\sigma}_i = \frac{\int_V \sigma_i dV}{\int_V dV} = \frac{\int_V \sigma_i dV}{V}$$

$i = 1, 2, \dots, 6$

$$\bar{\varepsilon}_i = \frac{\int_V \varepsilon_i dV}{\int_V dV} = \frac{\int_V \varepsilon_i dV}{V}$$

Average Values

$$\{\bar{\sigma}\} = [\mathbf{C}]\{\bar{\varepsilon}\}$$

and

$$\{\bar{\varepsilon}\} = [\mathbf{S}]\{\bar{\sigma}\}$$

We use the effective (or average) values of stress, strain and moduli when referring to lamina behavior.

Strain Energy Density

$$W = \frac{1}{2} C_{ij} \varepsilon_i \varepsilon_j$$

and

$$\sigma_i = \frac{\partial W}{\partial \varepsilon_i} = C_{ij} \varepsilon_j$$

Second Derivatives

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{W}}{\partial \varepsilon_i \partial \varepsilon_j} = \mathbf{C}_{ij}$$

and

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{W}}{\partial \varepsilon_j \partial \varepsilon_i} = \mathbf{C}_{ji}$$

Symmetry

$$C_{ij} = C_{ji}$$

and

$$S_{ij} = S_{ji}$$

Symmetry: 21 Components

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \mathbf{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

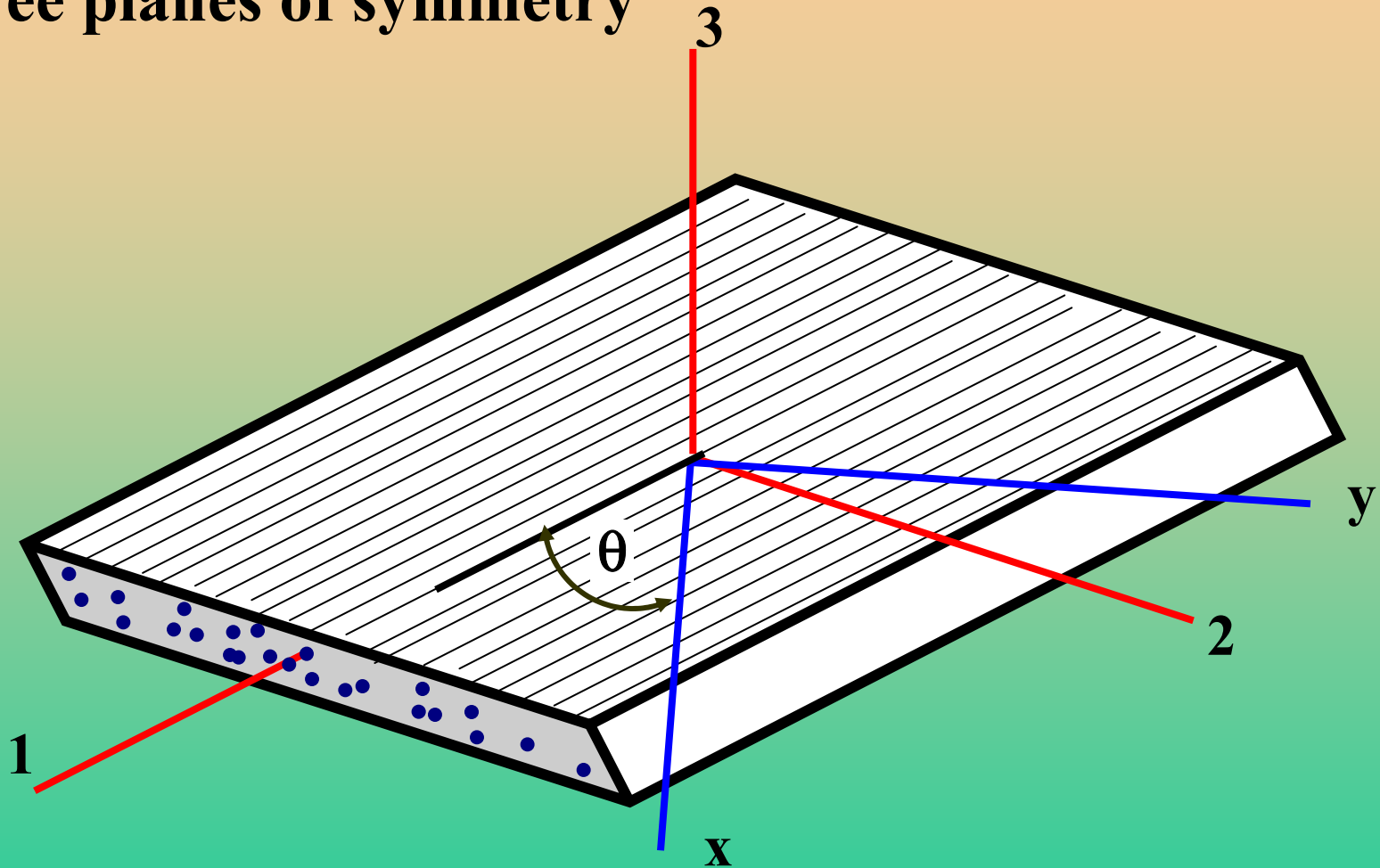
Monoclinic Material; 13 Components

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & 0 & 0 & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & 0 & 0 & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & 0 & 0 & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & 0 \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & 0 & 0 & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

1 plane of symmetry

Orthotropic Material: 9 Constants

Three planes of symmetry



Specially Orthotropic Material

Three planes of symmetry 1-2-3 Directions are principal coordinate directions corresponding to symmetry planes, as shown on previous slide.

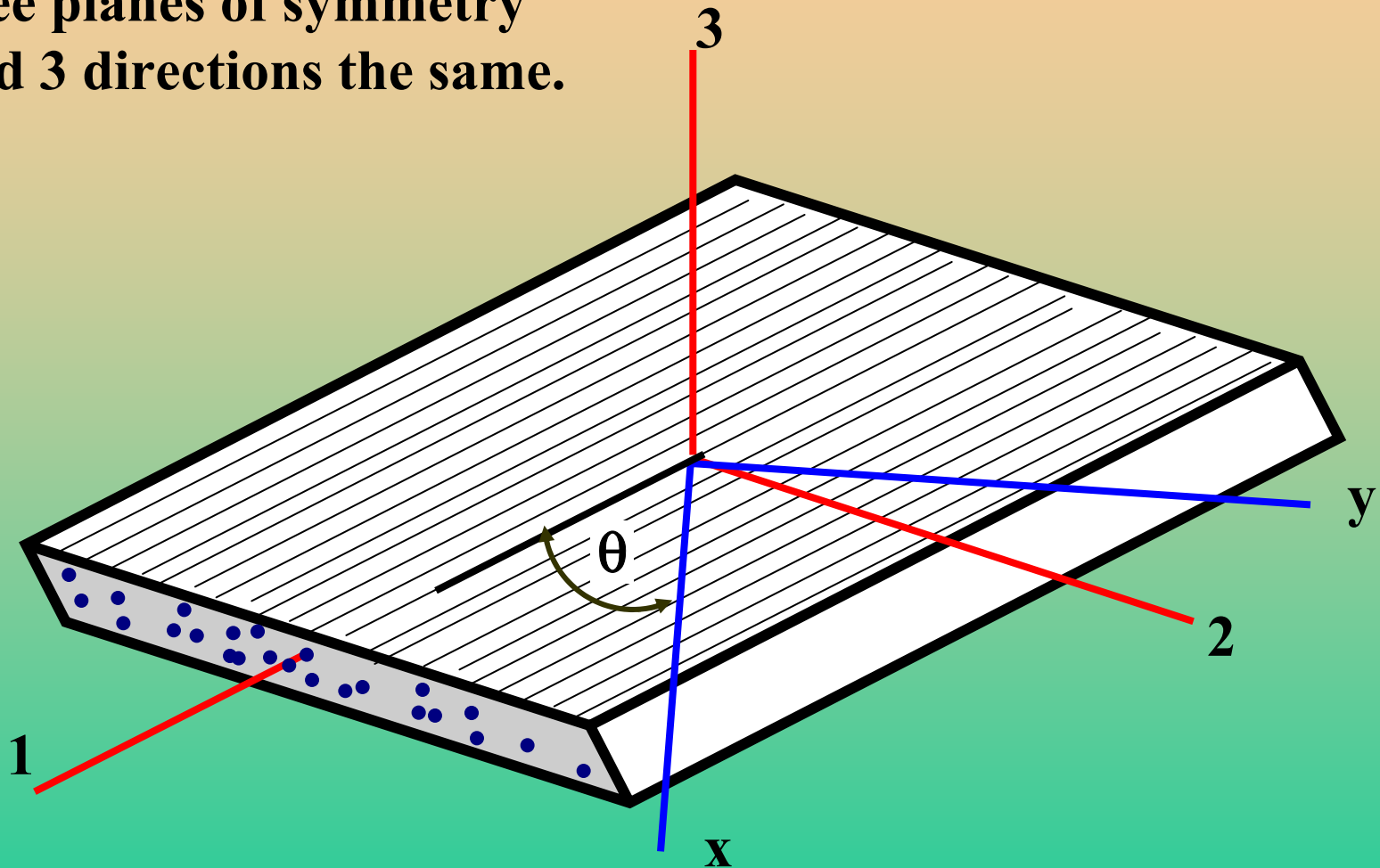
Orthotropic Stiffness Matrix

9 Components

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ M & \mathbf{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Transversely Isotropic Material

Three planes of symmetry
2 and 3 directions the same.



Stiffness Matrix

5 Components

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & C_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \frac{(C_{22}-C_{23})}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ M & \mathbf{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Isotropic Material

**Three planes of symmetry
1,2 and 3 directions the same.**

Stiffness Matrix

2 Components

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & C_{11} & C_{12} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & C_{11} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \frac{(C_{11}-C_{12})}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & \frac{(C_{11}-C_{12})}{2} & 0 \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \frac{(C_{11}-C_{12})}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Anisotropic Material

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \mathbf{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Anisotropic Material

Extension

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Anisotropic Material

Extension-Extension Coupling

Extension

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Extension-Extension Coupling

Shear-Extension Coupling

Extension

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Extension-Extension Coupling

Shear-Extension Coupling

Extension

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Shear

Extension-Extension Coupling

Shear-Extension Coupling

Extension

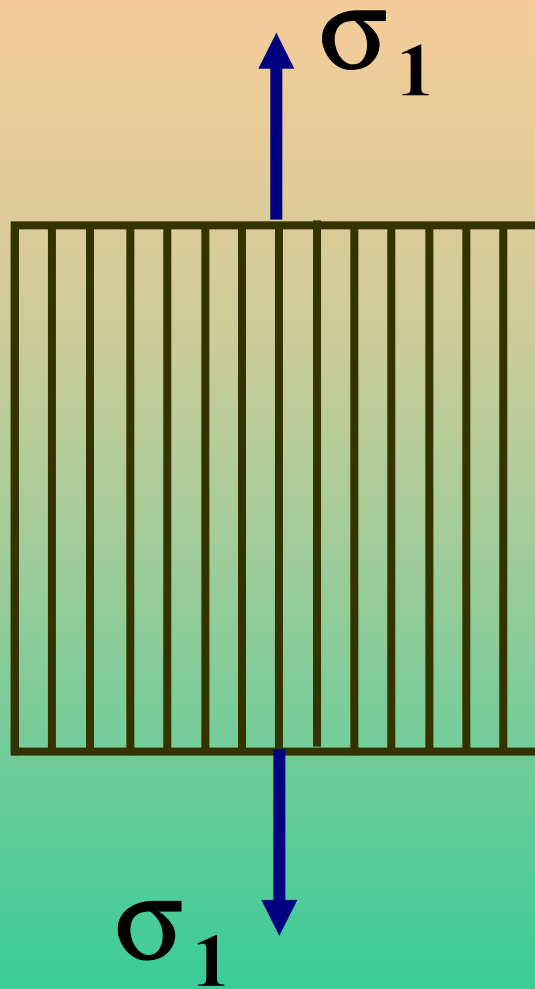
$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & C_{14} & C_{15} & C_{16} \\ M & C_{22} & C_{23} & C_{24} & C_{25} & C_{26} \\ M & \Lambda & C_{33} & C_{34} & C_{35} & C_{36} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{44} & C_{45} & C_{46} \\ M & \text{SYM} & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{55} & C_{56} \\ M & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & \Lambda & C_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \epsilon_3 \\ \epsilon_4 \\ \epsilon_5 \\ \epsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Shear

Shear-Shear Coupling

Material	Nonzero Terms	Independent terms
<u>3D</u>		
Anisotropic	36	21
Generally Orthotropic	36	9
Specially Orthotropic	12	9
Transversely Isotropic	12	5
Isotropic	12	2
<u>2D</u>		
Anisotropic	9	6
Generally Orthotropic	9	4
Specially Orthotropic	5	4
Balanced Orthotropic	5	3
Isotropic	5	2

Uniaxial Load in Fiber Direction



Resulting Strains

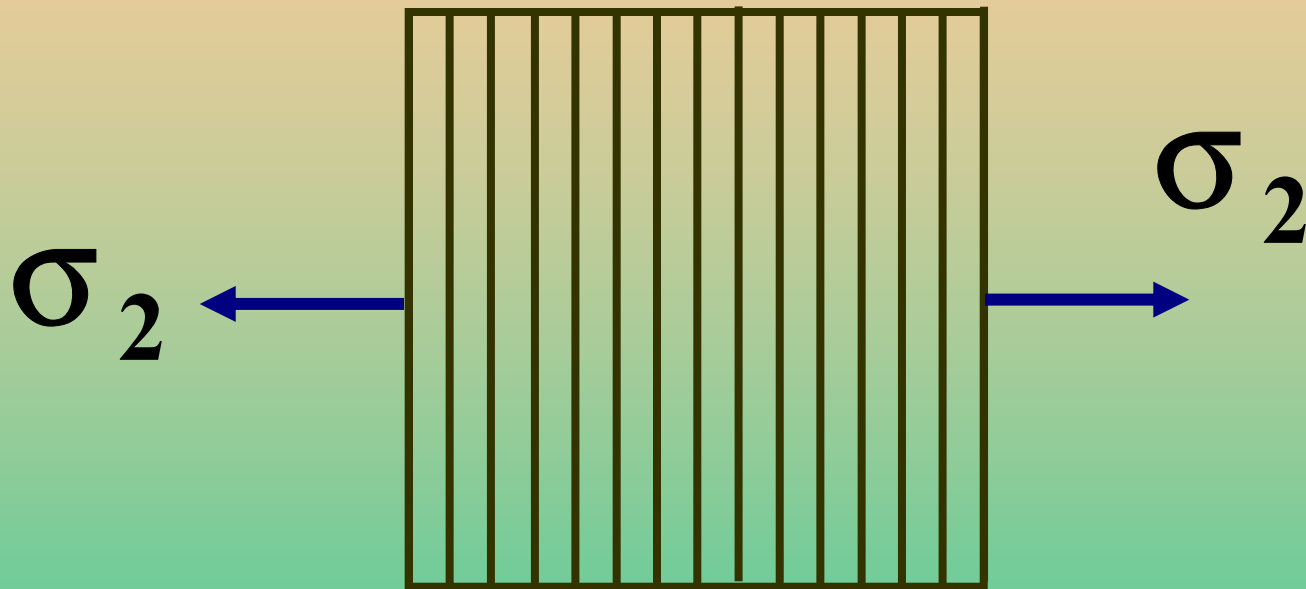
$$\varepsilon_1 = \frac{\sigma_1}{E_1}$$

$$\varepsilon_2 = -\nu_{12}\varepsilon_1 = -\nu_{12} \frac{\sigma_1}{E_1}$$

$$\varepsilon_3 = -\nu_{13}\varepsilon_1 = -\nu_{13} \frac{\sigma_1}{E_1}$$

$$\gamma_{12} = \gamma_{23} = \gamma_{13} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \varepsilon_6 = \varepsilon_4 = \varepsilon_5 = 0$$

Transverse Load



Resulting Strains

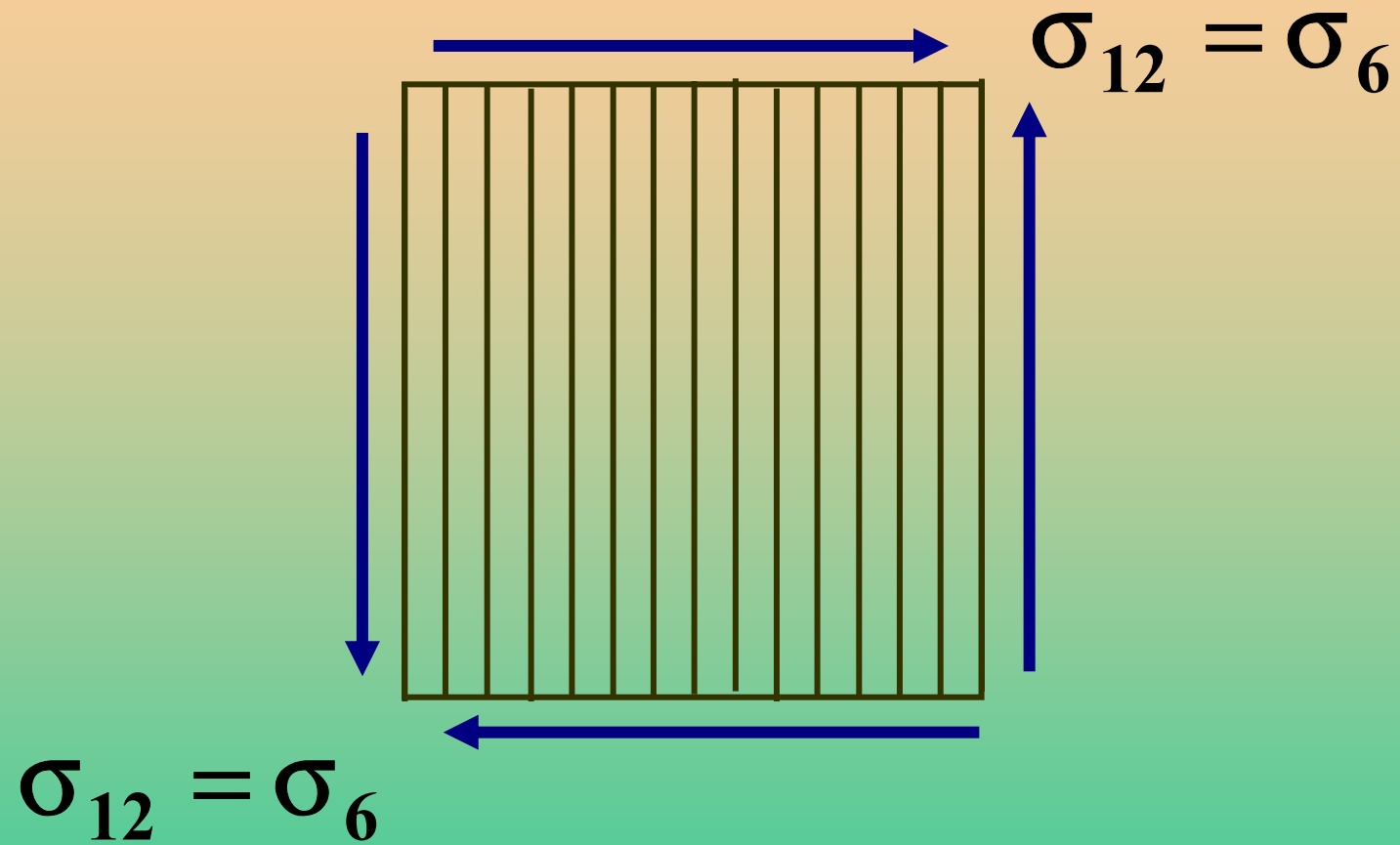
$$\varepsilon_2 = \frac{\sigma_2}{E_2}$$

$$\varepsilon_1 = -\nu_{21}\varepsilon_2 = -\nu_{21}\frac{\sigma_2}{E_2}$$

$$\varepsilon_3 = -\nu_{31}\varepsilon_2 = -\nu_{31}\frac{\sigma_2}{E_2}$$

$$\gamma_{12} = \gamma_{23} = \gamma_{13} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \varepsilon_6 = \varepsilon_4 = \varepsilon_5 = 0$$

Shear Load



Resulting Strains

$$\gamma_{12} = \varepsilon_6 = \frac{\sigma_6}{G_{12}}$$

$$\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2 = \varepsilon_3 = \gamma_{23} = \gamma_{13} = \mathbf{0}$$

or

$$\varepsilon_4 = \varepsilon_5 = \mathbf{0}$$

Engineering Material Properties

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \epsilon_3 \\ \gamma_{23} \\ \gamma_{31} \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{21}}{E_2} & -\frac{\nu_{31}}{E_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} & \frac{1}{E_2} & -\frac{\nu_{32}}{E_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{13}}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{23}}{E_2} & \frac{1}{E_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{23}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{31}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{12}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \tau_{23} \\ \tau_{31} \\ \tau_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Engineering Material Properties

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_3 \\ \varepsilon_4 \\ \varepsilon_5 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{21}}{E_2} & -\frac{\nu_{31}}{E_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} & \frac{1}{E_2} & -\frac{\nu_{32}}{E_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{13}}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{23}}{E_2} & \frac{1}{E_3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{23}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{31}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{12}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \\ \sigma_4 \\ \sigma_5 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Engineering Material Properties

$E_1, E_2, E_3 =$ *Young's moduli in 1-, 2- and 3- directions*

$\nu_{12}, \nu_{13}, \nu_{23} =$ *Poisson's ratios (extension-extension coupling)*

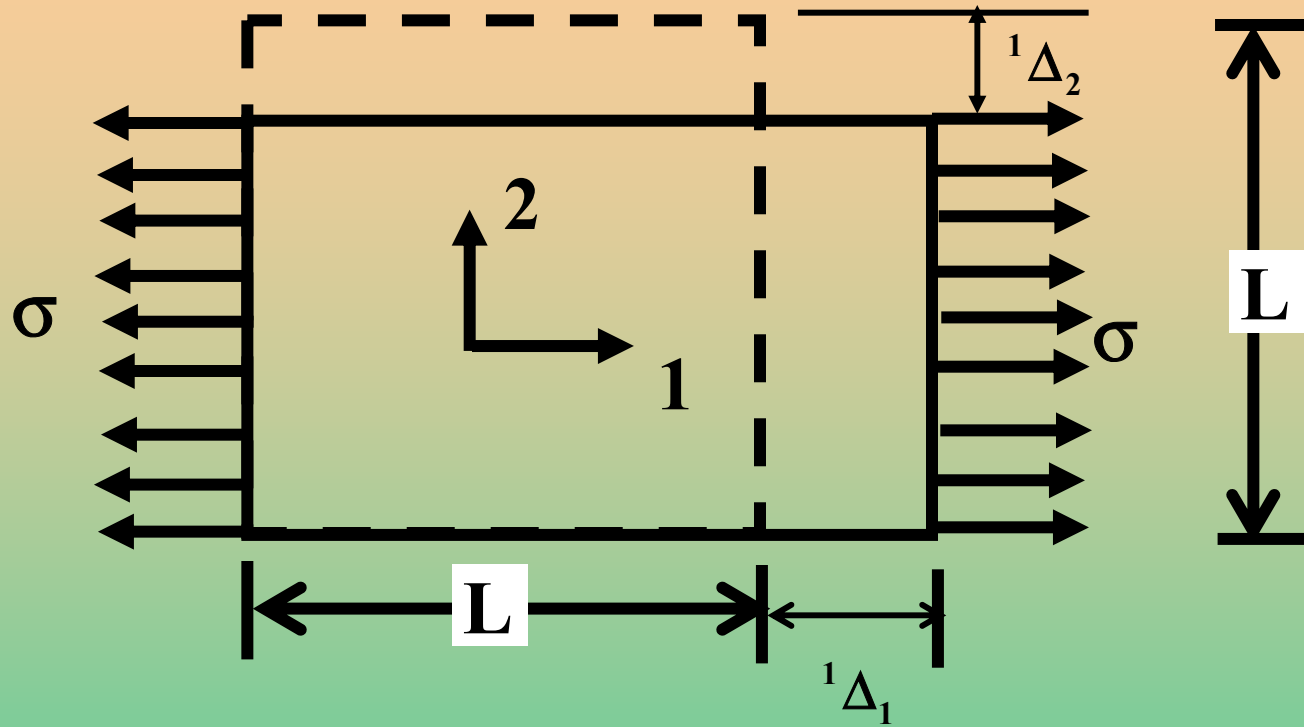
$G_{23}, G_{31}, G_{12} =$ *Shear moduli in 2-3, 3-1, and 1-2 directions*

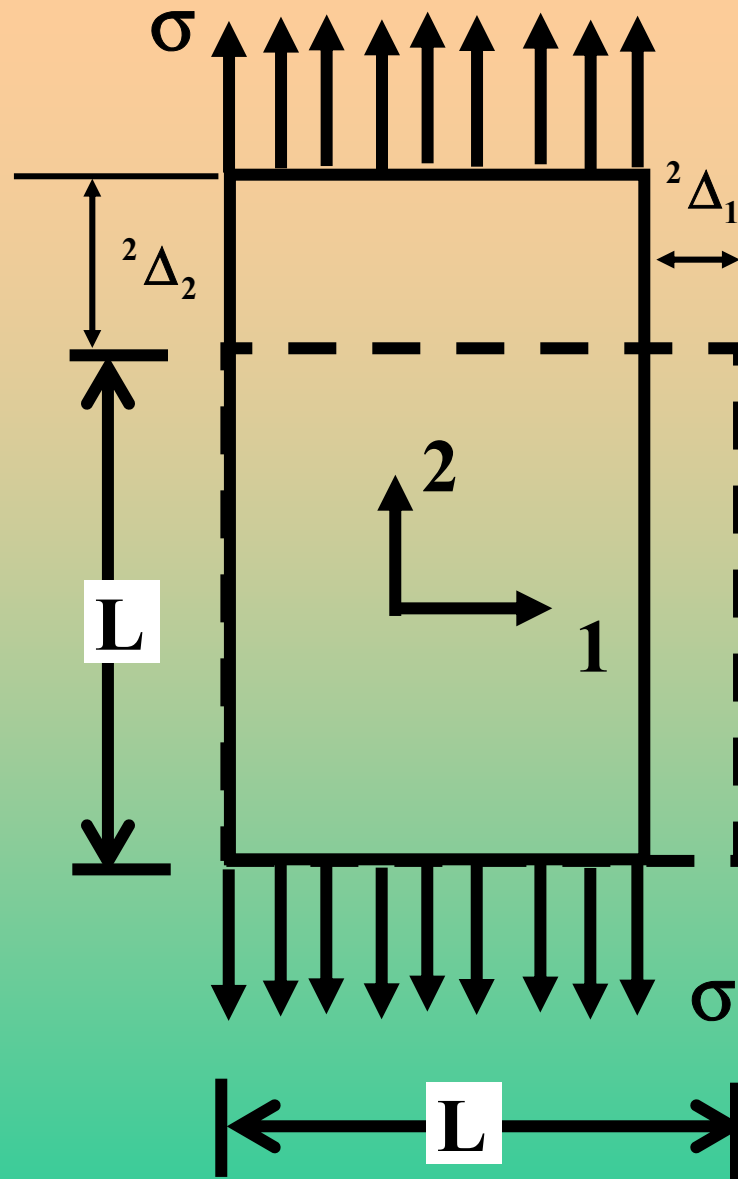
Symmetry

$$[\mathbf{S}] = [\mathbf{C}]^{-1}$$

Due to Symmetry :

$$\frac{\mathbf{v}_{ij}}{\mathbf{E}_i} = \frac{\mathbf{v}_{ji}}{\mathbf{E}_j}$$





${}^1\varepsilon_1 = \frac{\sigma}{E_1}$	${}^1\varepsilon_2 = -\frac{\nu_{12}\sigma}{E_1}$
${}^1\Delta_1 = \frac{\sigma L}{E_1}$	${}^1\Delta_2 = -\frac{\nu_{12}\sigma L}{E_1}$

${}^2\varepsilon_1 = -\frac{\nu_{21}\sigma}{E_2}$	${}^2\varepsilon_2 = \frac{\sigma}{E_2}$
${}^2\Delta_1 = -\frac{\nu_{21}\sigma L}{E_2}$	${}^2\Delta_2 = \frac{\sigma L}{E_2}$

$${}^1\Delta_2 = {}^2\Delta_1$$

$$-\frac{\nu_{12}\sigma L}{E_1} = -\frac{\nu_{21}\sigma L}{E_2}$$

$$\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} = \frac{\nu_{21}}{E_2}$$

Inverse Relationship

$$[\mathbf{S}] = [\mathbf{C}]^{-1}$$

[S] and [C] are symmetric matrices!

Inverse Relationship

$$\begin{aligned}C_{11} &= \frac{S_{22}S_{33} - S_{23}^2}{S} & C_{12} &= \frac{S_{13}S_{23} - S_{12}S_{33}}{S} & C_{13} &= \frac{S_{12}S_{23} - S_{13}S_{22}}{S} \\C_{22} &= \frac{S_{11}S_{33} - S_{13}^2}{S} & C_{23} &= \frac{S_{12}S_{13} - S_{23}S_{11}}{S} & C_{33} &= \frac{S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2}{S} \\C_{44} &= \frac{1}{S_{44}} & C_{55} &= \frac{1}{S_{55}} & C_{66} &= \frac{1}{S_{66}}\end{aligned}$$

$$S = S_{11}S_{22}S_{33} - S_{11}S_{23}^2 - S_{22}S_{13}^2 - S_{33}S_{12}^2 + 2S_{12}S_{23}S_{13}$$

Inverse Relationship

$$C_{11} = \frac{1 - \nu_{23}\nu_{32}}{E_2 E_3 \Delta} \quad C_{22} = \frac{1 - \nu_{13}\nu_{31}}{E_1 E_3 \Delta} \quad C_{33} = \frac{1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21}}{E_1 E_2 \Delta}$$

$$C_{44} = G_{23} \quad C_{55} = G_{31} \quad C_{66} = G_{12}$$

$$C_{12} = \frac{\nu_{21} + \nu_{31}\nu_{23}}{E_2 E_3 \Delta} = \frac{\nu_{12} + \nu_{32}\nu_{13}}{E_1 E_3 \Delta}$$

$$C_{13} = \frac{\nu_{31} + \nu_{21}\nu_{32}}{E_2 E_3 \Delta} = \frac{\nu_{13} + \nu_{12}\nu_{23}}{E_1 E_2 \Delta}$$

$$C_{23} = \frac{\nu_{32} + \nu_{12}\nu_{31}}{E_1 E_3 \Delta} = \frac{\nu_{23} + \nu_{21}\nu_{13}}{E_1 E_2 \Delta}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21} - \nu_{13}\nu_{31} - \nu_{23}\nu_{32} - 2\nu_{21}\nu_{32}\nu_{13}}{E_1 E_2 E_3}$$

Isotropic Material

$$\mathbf{E}_1 = \mathbf{E}_2 = \mathbf{E}_3 = \mathbf{E}$$

$$\mathbf{G} = \frac{\mathbf{E}}{2(1 + \nu)}$$

$$-1 < \nu < 0.5$$

Orthotropic Material Constraints

$$\mathbf{S}_{11}, \mathbf{S}_{22}, \mathbf{S}_{33}, \mathbf{S}_{44}, \mathbf{S}_{55}, \mathbf{S}_{66} > \mathbf{0}$$



$$\mathbf{E}_1, \mathbf{E}_2, \mathbf{E}_3, \mathbf{G}_{23}, \mathbf{G}_{31}, \mathbf{G}_{12} > \mathbf{0}$$

Orthotropic Material Constraints

$$C_{11}, C_{22}, C_{33}, C_{44}, C_{55}, C_{66} > 0$$



$$(1 - \nu_{23}\nu_{32}), (1 - \nu_{13}\nu_{31}), (1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21}) > 0$$

$$\Delta = \frac{1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21} - \nu_{13}\nu_{31} - \nu_{23}\nu_{32} - 2\nu_{21}\nu_{32}\nu_{13}}{E_1 E_2 E_3} > 0$$

Orthotropic Material Constraints

$$|\mathbf{S}_{23}| < \sqrt{\mathbf{S}_{22}\mathbf{S}_{33}}$$

$$|\mathbf{S}_{13}| < \sqrt{\mathbf{S}_{11}\mathbf{S}_{33}}$$

$$|\mathbf{S}_{12}| < \sqrt{\mathbf{S}_{11}\mathbf{S}_{22}}$$

Orthotropic Material Constraints

$$(1 - \nu_{23}\nu_{32}), (1 - \nu_{13}\nu_{31}), (1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21}) > 0$$

$$\frac{\nu_{ij}}{E_i} = \frac{\nu_{ji}}{E_j} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\nu_{21}| &< \sqrt{\frac{E_2}{E_1}} & |\nu_{32}| &< \sqrt{\frac{E_3}{E_2}} & |\nu_{13}| &< \sqrt{\frac{E_1}{E_3}} \\ |\nu_{12}| &< \sqrt{\frac{E_1}{E_2}} & |\nu_{23}| &< \sqrt{\frac{E_2}{E_3}} & |\nu_{13}| &< \sqrt{\frac{E_3}{E_1}} \end{aligned}$$

Plane Stress Orthotropic Material

$$\sigma_3 = \sigma_4 = \sigma_5 = 0$$

or

$$\sigma_3 = \tau_{23} = \tau_{31} = 0$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & 0 \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Plane Stress Orthotropic Material

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \epsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & \mathbf{0} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} & S_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \tau_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Plane Stress Orthotropic Material

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_3 \\ \epsilon_4 \\ \epsilon_5 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_3 \\ \gamma_{23} \\ \gamma_{31} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{S}_{13}\sigma_1 + \mathbf{S}_{23}\sigma_2 \\ \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Compliance

Compliances :

$$S_{11} = \frac{1}{E_1}$$

$$S_{22} = \frac{1}{E_2}$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = -\frac{\nu_{21}}{E_2} = -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1}$$

$$S_{66} = \frac{1}{G_{12}}$$

Compliance

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \varepsilon_6 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{E_1} & -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} & 0 \\ -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1} & \frac{1}{E_2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{G_{12}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Compliance

$$\{\varepsilon\} = [S]\{\sigma\}$$

Compliances:

$$S_{11} = \frac{1}{E_1}$$

$$S_{22} = \frac{1}{E_2}$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = -\frac{\nu_{12}}{E_1}$$

$$S_{66} = \frac{1}{G_{12}}$$

$$S_{44}^* = \frac{1}{G_{23}}$$

$$S_{55}^* = \frac{1}{G_{13}}$$

Stiffness

$$\{\sigma\} = [Q]\{\varepsilon\}$$

Lamina Stiffness Matrix

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & 0 \\ Q_{21} & Q_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Q_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Stiffness Terms

$$Q_{11} = \frac{S_{22}}{(S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2)} = \frac{E_1}{(1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21})}$$

$$Q_{22} = \frac{S_{11}}{(S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2)} = \frac{E_2}{(1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21})}$$

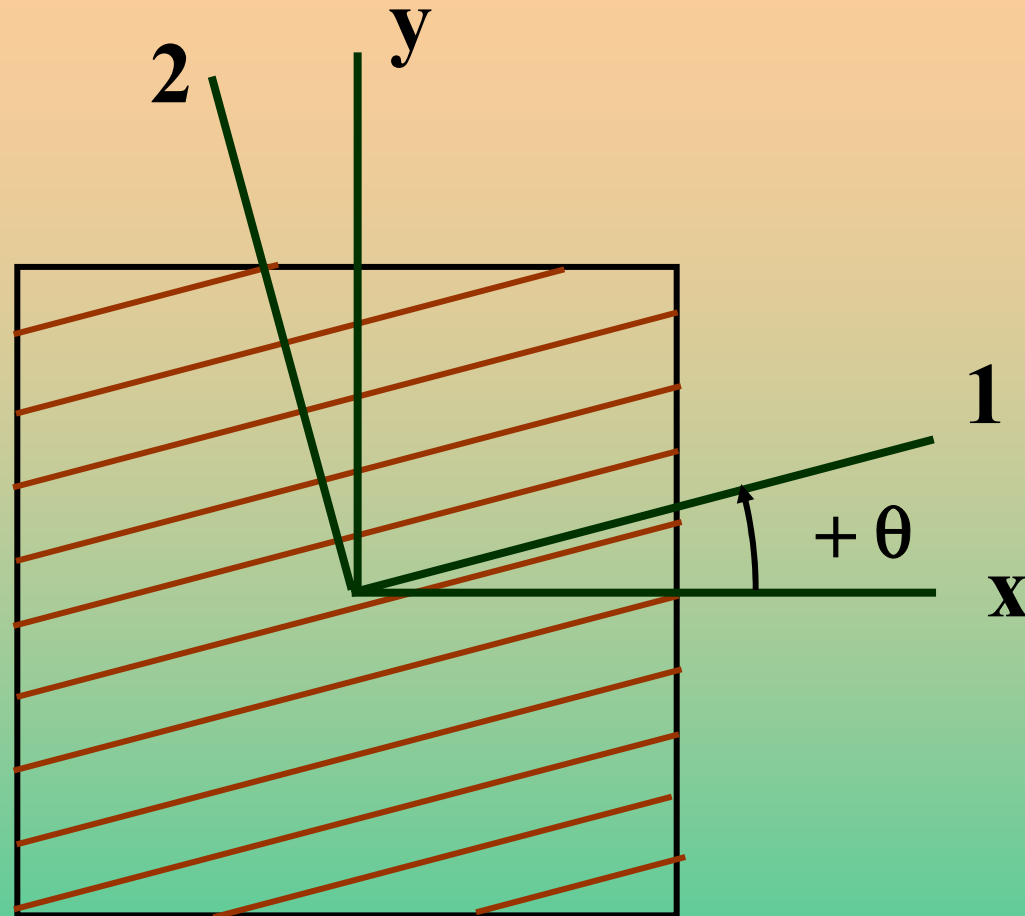
$$Q_{12} = Q_{21} = -\frac{S_{12}}{(S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2)} = \frac{\nu_{12}E_2}{(1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21})}$$

$$Q_{66} = \frac{1}{S_{66}} = G_{12}$$

Some Typical Properties

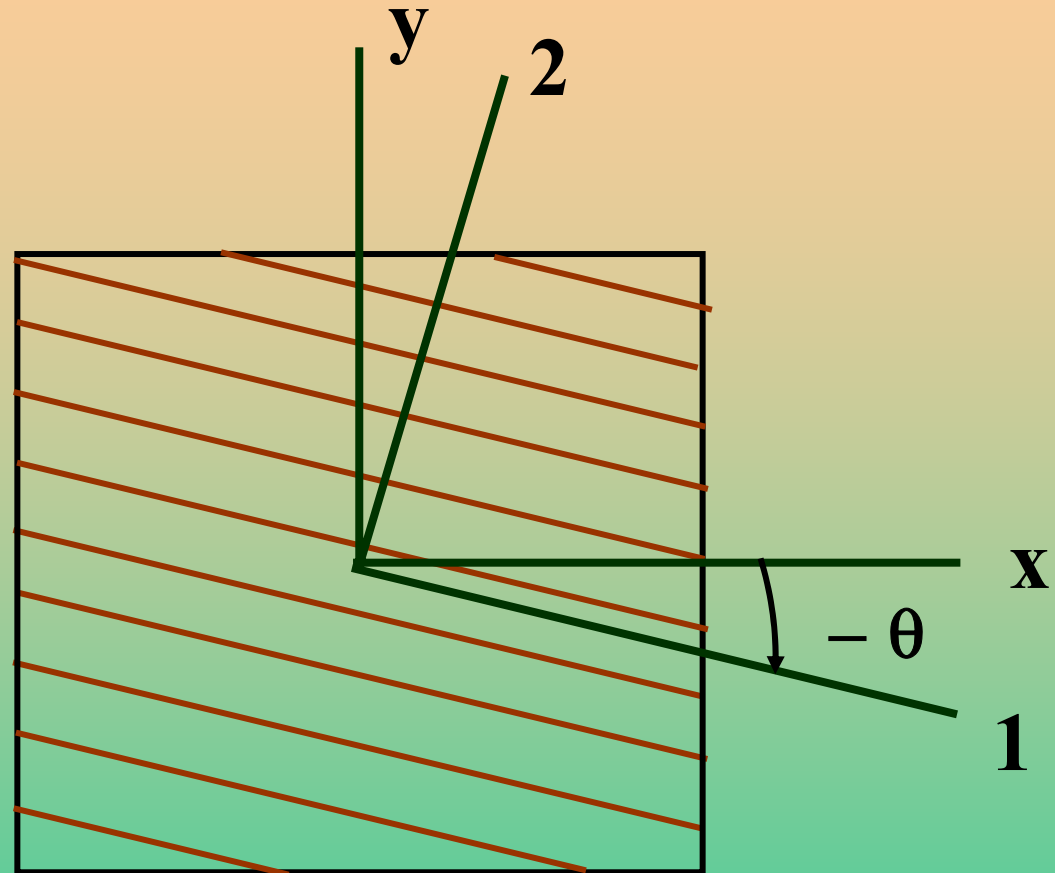
Material	E_1 (Msi)	E_2 (Msi)	G_{12} (Msi)	ν_{12}
T300/934 Graphite /Epoxy	19.0	1.5	1.0	0.22
AS/3501 Graphite /Epoxy	20.0	1.3	1.0	0.3
p-100/ERL 1962 Pitch Graphite /Epoxy	68.0	0.9	0.81	0.31
Kevlar® 49 /934 Aramid/Epoxy	11.0	0.8	0.33	0.34
Scotchply® 1002 E-glass/Epoxy	5.6	1.2	0.6	0.26
Boron/5505 Boron/Epoxy	29.6	2.678	0.81	0.23
Spectra® 900/826 Polyethylene/Epoxy	4.45	0.51	0.21	0.32
E-glass/470-36 E-glass/Vinylester	3.54	1.0	0.42	0.32

Generally Orthotropic Lamina



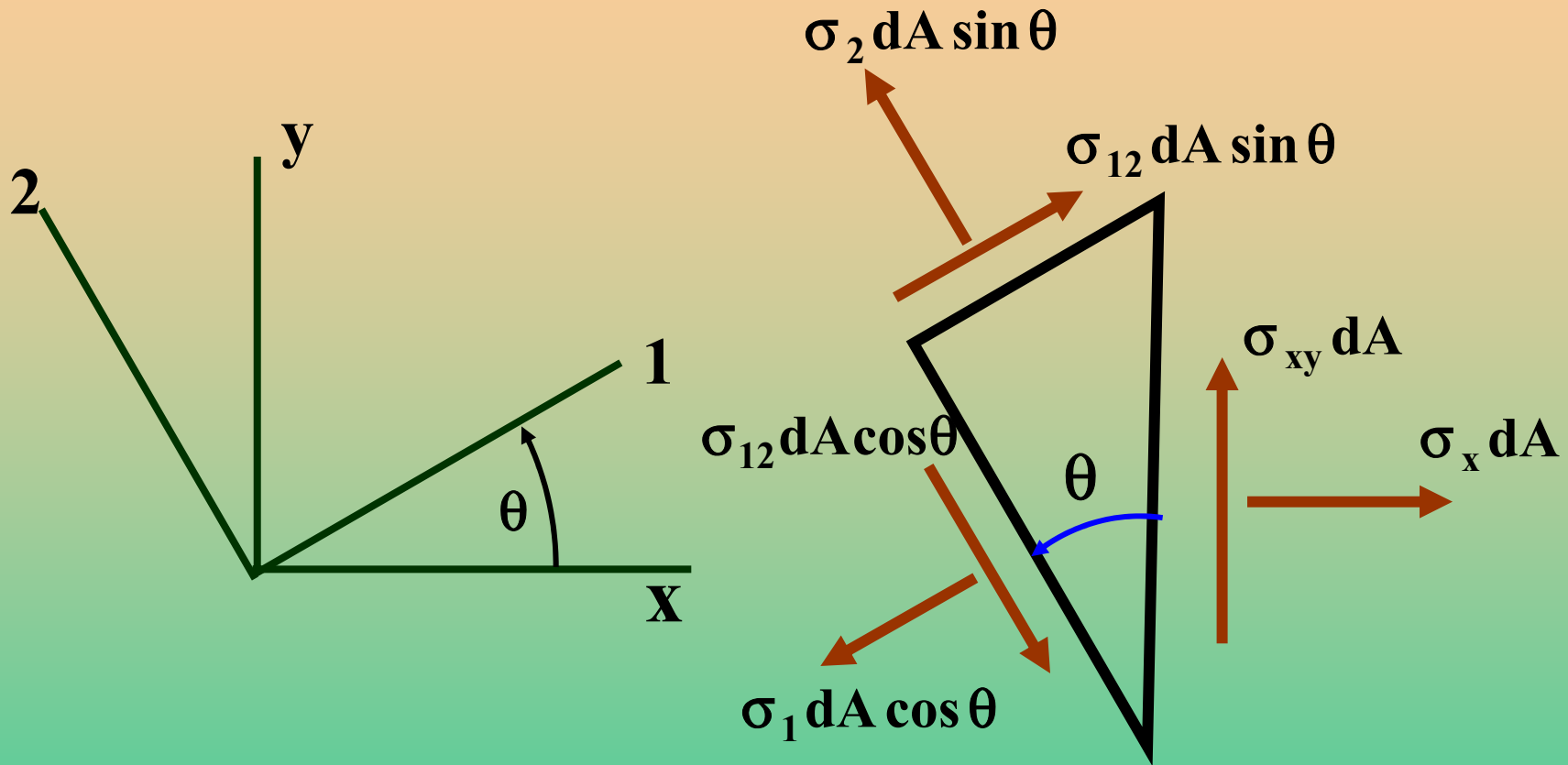
Positive Angle

Generally Orthotropic Lamina



Negative Angle

Stress Element



Equilibrium

$$\sum F_x = \sigma_x dA - \sigma_1 dA \cos^2 \theta - \sigma_2 dA \sin^2 \theta + 2\sigma_{12} dA \sin \theta \cos \theta = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = \sigma_{xy} dA - \sigma_1 dA \sin \theta \cos \theta + \sigma_2 dA \sin \theta \cos \theta + \sigma_{12} dA (\sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta) = 0$$

Stress Transformation

$$\sigma_x = \sigma_1 \cos^2 \theta + \sigma_2 \sin^2 \theta - 2\sigma_{12} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sigma_{xy} = \sigma_1 \sin \theta \cos \theta - \sigma_2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \sigma_{12} (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)$$

Similar derivation for σ_y

Transformation in Matrix Form

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos^2 \theta & \sin^2 \theta & -2 \cos \theta \sin \theta \\ \sin^2 \theta & \cos^2 \theta & 2 \cos \theta \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \sin \theta & -\cos \theta \sin \theta & \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Condensed Matrix Form

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & s^2 & -2cs \\ s^2 & c^2 & 2cs \\ cs & -cs & c^2 - s^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_6 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$c = \cos \theta \quad \text{and} \quad s = \sin \theta$$

Transformation Matrix: [T]

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} \quad \text{or} \quad \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}] \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Matrices

$$[\mathbf{T}]^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{c}^2 & \mathbf{s}^2 & -2\mathbf{cs} \\ \mathbf{s}^2 & \mathbf{c}^2 & 2\mathbf{cs} \\ \mathbf{cs} & -\mathbf{cs} & \mathbf{c}^2 - \mathbf{s}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$[\mathbf{T}] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{c}^2 & \mathbf{s}^2 & 2\mathbf{cs} \\ \mathbf{s}^2 & \mathbf{c}^2 & -2\mathbf{cs} \\ -\mathbf{cs} & \mathbf{cs} & \mathbf{c}^2 - \mathbf{s}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Strain

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & s^2 & -2cs \\ s^2 & c^2 & 2cs \\ cs & -cs & c^2 - s^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

or

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Stress and Strain

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \tau_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

and

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Stress and Strain

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Reuter's Matrix:

$$[\mathbf{R}] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Lamina Stiffness Matrix

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & 0 \\ Q_{21} & Q_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Q_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Stiffness Terms

$$Q_{11} = \frac{S_{22}}{(S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2)} = \frac{E_1}{(1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21})}$$

$$Q_{22} = \frac{S_{11}}{(S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2)} = \frac{E_2}{(1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21})}$$

$$Q_{12} = Q_{21} = -\frac{S_{12}}{(S_{11}S_{22} - S_{12}^2)} = \frac{\nu_{12}E_2}{(1 - \nu_{12}\nu_{21})}$$

$$Q_{66} = \frac{1}{S_{66}} = G_{12}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{Q}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{R}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{R}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{R}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] [\mathbf{R}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_1 \\ \varepsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] [\mathbf{R}] \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 \\ \gamma_{12}/2 \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}] \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] [\mathbf{R}] [\mathbf{T}] \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{R}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}][\mathbf{R}][\mathbf{T}] \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}][\mathbf{R}][\mathbf{T}][\mathbf{R}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}][\mathbf{R}][\mathbf{T}][\mathbf{R}]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$[\mathbf{R}][\mathbf{T}][\mathbf{R}]^{-1} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-\mathbf{T}}$$

-T = inverse transpose

General Stress-Strain Behavior

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] [\mathbf{T}]^{-T} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$[\overline{\mathbf{Q}}] = [\mathbf{T}]^{-1} [\mathbf{Q}] [\mathbf{T}]$$

Stress-Strain Behavior

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{Q}_{11} & \bar{Q}_{12} & \bar{Q}_{16} \\ \bar{Q}_{12} & \bar{Q}_{22} & \bar{Q}_{26} \\ \bar{Q}_{16} & \bar{Q}_{26} & \bar{Q}_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Explicit Relationships

$$\bar{Q}_{11} = Q_{11} \cos^4 \theta + Q_{22} \sin^4 \theta + 2(Q_{12} + 2Q_{66}) \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{12} = (Q_{11} + Q_{22} - 4Q_{66}) \cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta + Q_{12} (\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta)$$

$$\bar{Q}_{22} = Q_{11} \sin^4 \theta + Q_{22} \cos^4 \theta + 2(Q_{12} + 2Q_{66}) \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$

Explicit Relationships

$$\bar{Q}_{16} = (Q_{11} - Q_{12} - 2Q_{66})\cos^3 \theta \sin \theta$$

$$+ (Q_{22} - Q_{12} - 2Q_{66})\cos \theta \sin^3 \theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{26} = (Q_{11} - Q_{12} - 2Q_{66})\cos \theta \sin^3 \theta$$

$$+ (Q_{22} - Q_{12} - 2Q_{66})\cos^3 \theta \sin \theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{66} = (Q_{11} + Q_{22} - 2Q_{12} - 2Q_{66})\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta$$

$$+ Q_{66}(\cos^4 \theta + \sin^4 \theta)$$

Stress-Strain Behavior

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{S}_{11} & \bar{S}_{12} & \bar{S}_{16} \\ \bar{S}_{12} & \bar{S}_{22} & \bar{S}_{26} \\ \bar{S}_{16} & \bar{S}_{26} & \bar{S}_{66} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Stress-Strain Behavior

$$[\bar{\mathbf{S}}] = [\mathbf{T}]^T [\mathbf{S}] [\mathbf{T}]$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix} = [\bar{\mathbf{S}}] \begin{Bmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_{xy} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Inverse Relationship

$$[\bar{Q}] = [\bar{S}]^{-1}$$

$$[\bar{S}] = [\bar{Q}]^{-1}$$

Symmetric matrices!

Explicit Relationships

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{11} = \mathbf{S}_{11} \cos^4 \theta + \mathbf{S}_{22} \sin^4 \theta + (2\mathbf{S}_{12} + \mathbf{S}_{66}) \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{12} = (\mathbf{S}_{11} + \mathbf{S}_{22} - \mathbf{S}_{66}) \cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta + \mathbf{S}_{12} (\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta)$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{22} = \mathbf{S}_{11} \sin^4 \theta + \mathbf{S}_{22} \cos^4 \theta + (2\mathbf{S}_{12} + \mathbf{S}_{66}) \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$

Explicit Relationships

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{16} &= (2\mathbf{S}_{11} - 2\mathbf{S}_{12} - \mathbf{S}_{66})\cos^3 \theta \sin \theta \\ &+ (2\mathbf{S}_{22} - 2\mathbf{S}_{12} - \mathbf{S}_{66})\cos \theta \sin^3 \theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{26} &= (2\mathbf{S}_{11} - 2\mathbf{S}_{12} - \mathbf{S}_{66})\cos \theta \sin^3 \theta \\ &+ (2\mathbf{S}_{22} - 2\mathbf{S}_{12} - \mathbf{S}_{66})\cos^3 \theta \sin \theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\mathbf{S}}_{66} &= 2(2\mathbf{S}_{11} + 2\mathbf{S}_{22} - 4\mathbf{S}_{12} - \mathbf{S}_{66})\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta \\ &+ \mathbf{S}_{66}(\cos^4 \theta + \sin^4 \theta)\end{aligned}$$

Engineering Constants

$$\bar{S}_{11} = \frac{1}{E_x} \quad \bar{S}_{22} = \frac{1}{E_y} \quad \bar{S}_{66} = \frac{1}{G_{xy}}$$

$$\bar{S}_{12} = -\frac{\nu_{xy}}{E_x} = -\frac{\nu_{yx}}{E_y}$$

$$\bar{S}_{16} = \frac{\eta_{xy,x}}{E_x} = \frac{\eta_{x,xy}}{G_{xy}} \quad \bar{S}_{26} = \frac{\eta_{xy,y}}{E_y} = \frac{\eta_{y,xy}}{G_{xy}}$$

Engineering Constants

$$\frac{S_{16}}{S_{11}} = \eta_{xy,x}$$

$$\frac{S_{26}}{S_{66}} = \eta_{y,xy}$$

Coefficients of Mutual Influence

$\eta_{x,xy}$ and $\eta_{y,xy}$

*Coefficients of mutual influence of the first kind
Characterize stretching in the x or y direction
caused by shear stress in the xy plane.*

$$\eta_{x,xy} = \frac{\epsilon_x}{\gamma_{xy}} \quad \text{for} \quad \sigma_{xy} = \tau \quad \text{all other stresses} = 0$$

Coefficients of Mutual Influence

$\eta_{xy,x}$ and $\eta_{xy,y}$

Coefficients of mutual influence of the second kind.

Characterizes shearing in the xy plane caused by normal stress in the xy plane.

$$\eta_{xy,x} = \frac{\gamma_{xy}}{\epsilon_x} \quad \text{for} \quad \sigma_x = \sigma \quad \text{all other stresses} = 0$$

Engineering Constants

$$\frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_x} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_1} \mathbf{c}^4 + \left[\frac{1}{\mathbf{G}_{12}} - \frac{2\nu_{12}}{\mathbf{E}_1} \right] \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{c}^2 + \frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_2} \mathbf{s}^4$$

$$\frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_y} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_1} \mathbf{s}^4 + \left[\frac{1}{\mathbf{G}_{12}} - \frac{2\nu_{12}}{\mathbf{E}_1} \right] \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{c}^2 + \frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_2} \mathbf{c}^4$$

Engineering Constants

$$\frac{1}{\nu_{xy}} = \mathbf{E}_x \left[\frac{\nu_{12}}{\mathbf{E}_1} (\mathbf{c}^4 + \mathbf{s}^4) - \left[\frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_1} + \frac{1}{\mathbf{E}_2} - \frac{1}{\mathbf{G}_{12}} \right] \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{c}^2 \right]$$
$$\frac{1}{\mathbf{G}_{xy}} = 2 \left[\frac{2}{\mathbf{E}_1} + \frac{2}{\mathbf{E}_2} + \frac{4\nu_{12}}{\mathbf{E}_1} - \frac{1}{\mathbf{G}_{12}} \right] \mathbf{s}^2 \mathbf{c}^2 + \frac{1}{\mathbf{G}_{12}} (\mathbf{c}^4 + \mathbf{s}^4)$$

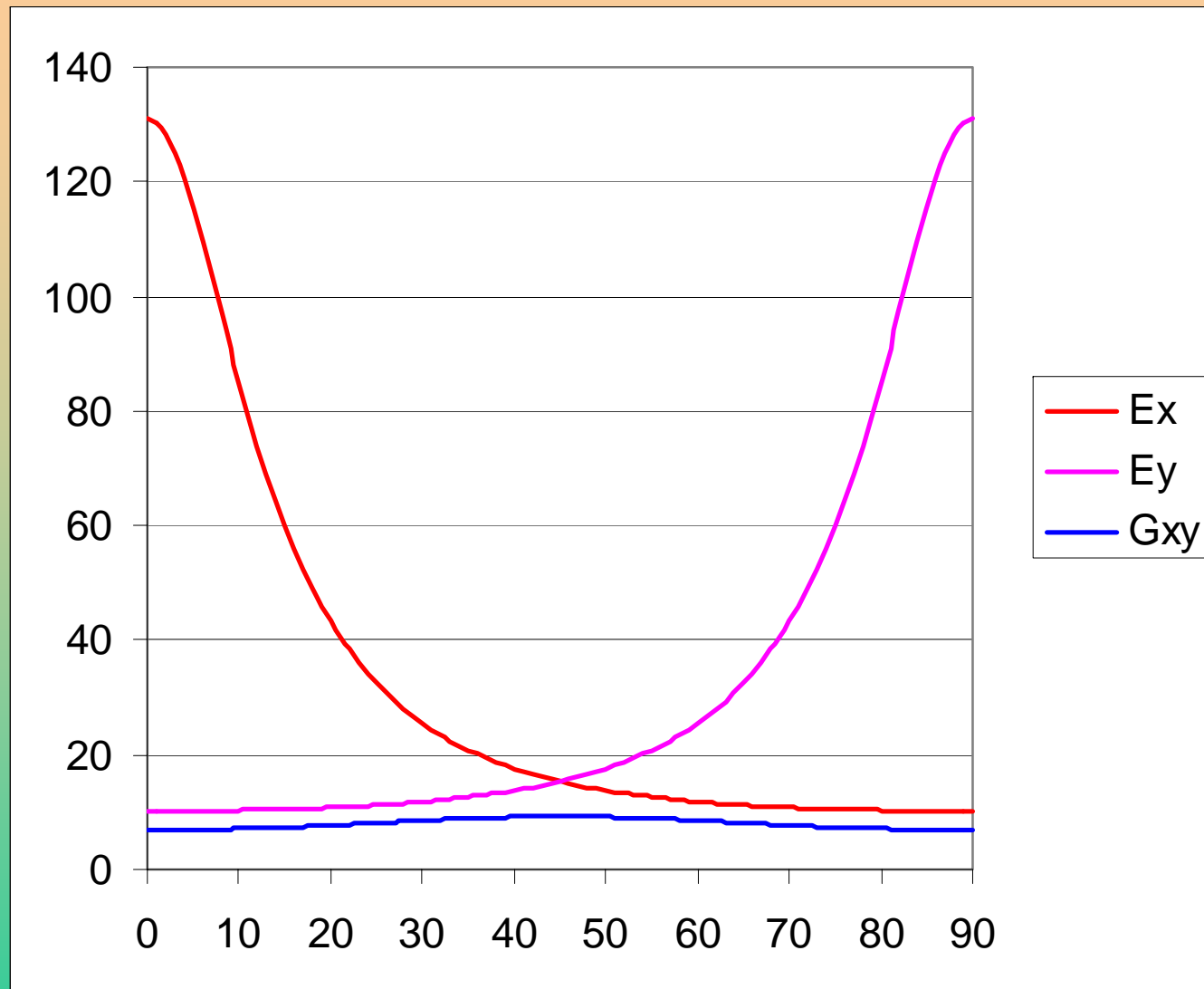
Engineering Constants

$$\eta_{xy,x} = E_x \left[\left[\frac{2}{E_1} + \frac{2\nu_{12}}{E_1} - \frac{1}{G_{12}} \right] sc^3 - \left[\frac{2}{E_2} + \frac{2\nu_{12}}{E_1} - \frac{1}{G_{12}} \right] s^3 c \right]$$

$$\eta_{xy,y} = E_y \left[\left[\frac{2}{E_1} + \frac{2\nu_{12}}{E_1} - \frac{1}{G_{12}} \right] s^3 c - \left[\frac{2}{E_2} + \frac{2\nu_{12}}{E_1} - \frac{1}{G_{12}} \right] sc^3 \right]$$

$$\eta_{x,xy} = \frac{G_{xy}}{E_x} \eta_{xy,x} \quad \eta_{y,xy} = \frac{G_{xy}}{E_y} \eta_{xy,y}$$

T300/934 Graphite/Epoxy



Trig Identities

$$\cos^4 \theta = \frac{1}{8}(3 + 4 \cos 2\theta + \cos 4\theta)$$

$$\sin^4 \theta = \frac{1}{8}(3 - 4 \cos 2\theta + \cos 4\theta)$$

$$\cos^3 \theta \sin \theta = \frac{1}{8}(2 \sin 2\theta + \sin 4\theta)$$

$$\cos \theta \sin^3 \theta = \frac{1}{8}(2 \sin 2\theta - \sin 4\theta)$$

$$\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta = \frac{1}{8}(1 - \cos 4\theta)$$

Alternate Form for Stiffness

$$\bar{Q}_{11} = U_1 + U_2 \cos 2\theta + U_3 \cos 4\theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{12} = U_4 - U_3 \cos 4\theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{22} = U_1 - U_2 \cos 2\theta + U_3 \cos 4\theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{16} = \frac{U_2}{2} \sin 2\theta + U_3 \sin 4\theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{26} = \frac{U_2}{2} \sin 2\theta - U_3 \sin 4\theta$$

$$\bar{Q}_{66} = \frac{1}{2}(U_1 - U_4) - U_3 \cos 4\theta$$

Invariants

$$U_1 = \frac{1}{8} (3Q_{11} + 3Q_{22} + 2Q_{12} + 4Q_{66})$$

$$U_2 = \frac{1}{2} (Q_{11} - Q_{22})$$

$$U_3 = \frac{1}{8} (Q_{11} + Q_{22} - 2Q_{12} - 4Q_{66})$$

$$U_4 = \frac{1}{8} (Q_{11} + Q_{22} + 6Q_{12} - 4Q_{66})$$

Alternate Form for Compliances

$$\bar{S}_{11} = V_1 + V_2 \cos 2\theta + V_3 \cos 4\theta$$

$$\bar{S}_{12} = V_4 - V_3 \cos 4\theta$$

$$\bar{S}_{22} = V_1 - V_2 \cos 2\theta + V_3 \cos 4\theta$$

$$\bar{S}_{16} = V_2 \sin 2\theta + 2V_3 \sin 4\theta$$

$$\bar{S}_{26} = V_2 \sin 2\theta - 2V_3 \sin 4\theta$$

$$\bar{S}_{66} = 2(V_1 - V_4) - 4V_3 \cos 4\theta$$

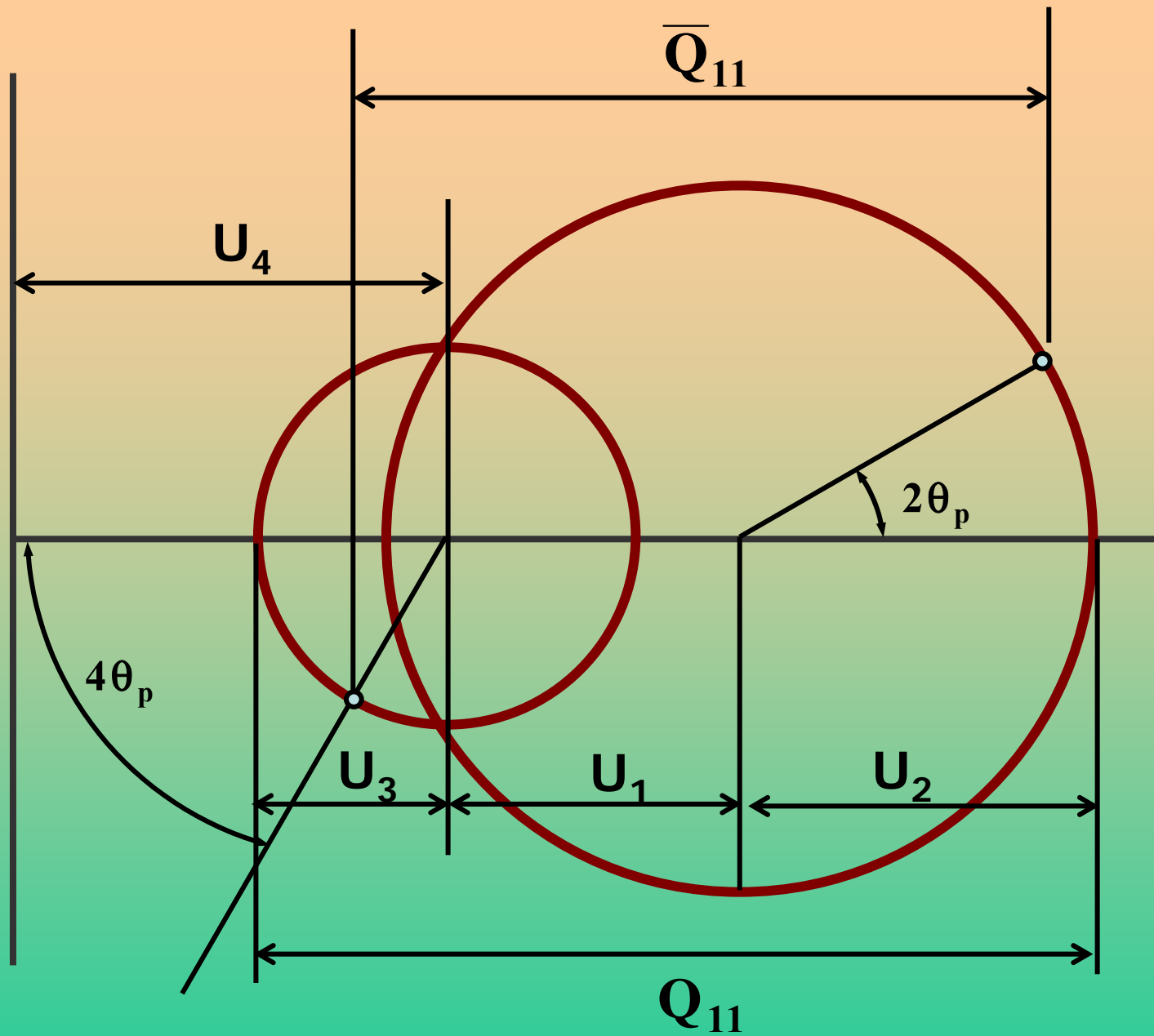
Invariants

$$V_1 = \frac{1}{8} (3S_{11} + 3S_{22} + 2S_{12} + S_{66})$$

$$V_2 = \frac{1}{2} (S_{11} - S_{22})$$

$$V_3 = \frac{1}{8} (S_{11} + S_{22} - 2S_{12} - S_{66})$$

$$V_4 = \frac{1}{8} (S_{11} + S_{22} + 6S_{12} - S_{66})$$



Transversely Isotropic Material

$$\mathbf{E}_2 = \mathbf{E}_3$$

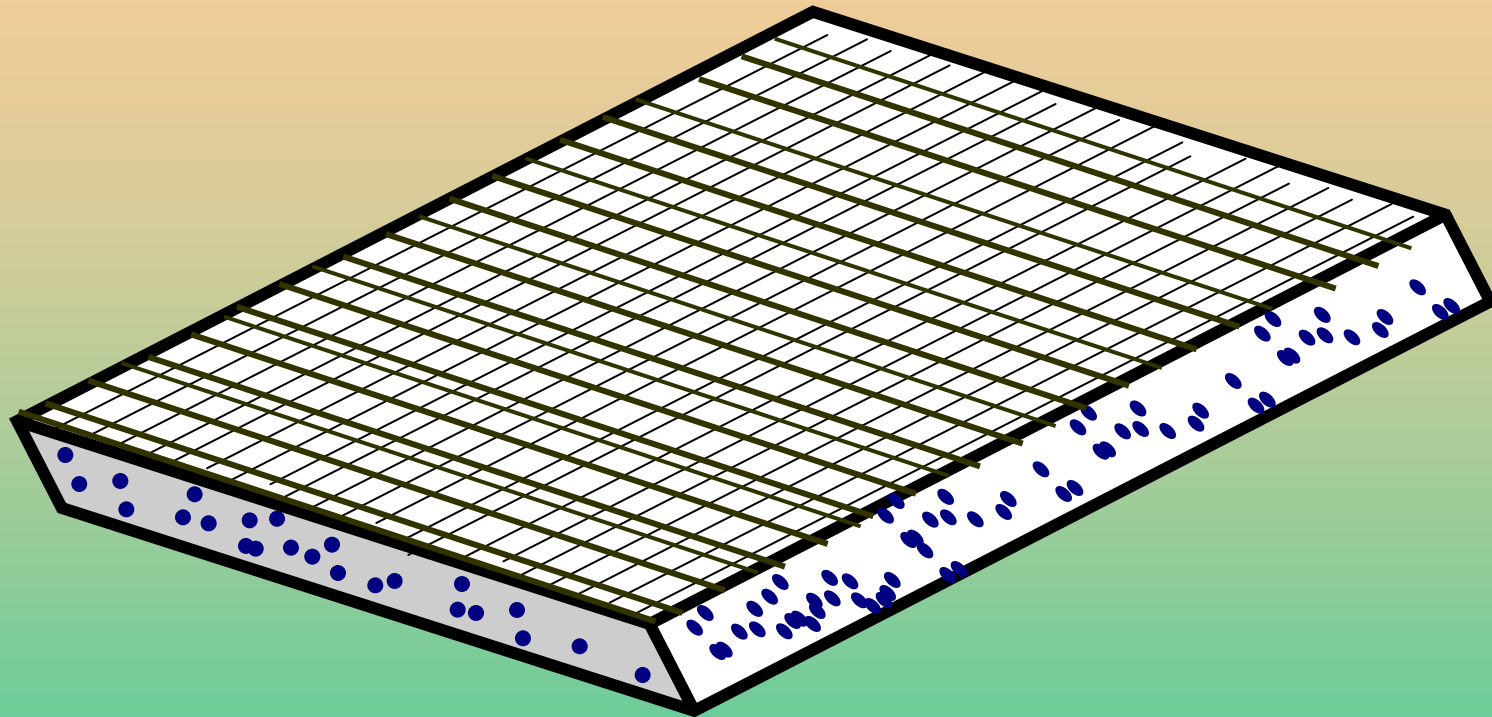
$$\mathbf{G}_{12} = \mathbf{G}_{13}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_{21} = \mathbf{v}_{31}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_{23} = \mathbf{v}_{32}$$

$$\mathbf{G}_{23} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_2}{2(1 + \mathbf{v}_{32})}$$

Balanced Orthotropic Material



Balanced Orthotropic Lamina

1. 0° and 90° cross-ply
2. Woven Materials
3. 3 Components

$$\mathbf{E}_1 = \mathbf{E}_2$$

$$\mathbf{Q}_{11} = \mathbf{Q}_{22}$$

$$\mathbf{S}_{11} = \mathbf{S}_{22}$$